National Archives Office of the Federal Register
Washington, DC 20408

Mr. Mark Ames
c/o P.O. Box 71693
Fairbanks, AK 99707

Dear Mr. Ames,

In response to your letter dated March 24, 1997, I have forwarded your comments to the Minerals Management Service, Royalty Management Program. The document to which you referred is a proposed rule published by the Mineral Management Service on January 24, 1997 (62 FR 3742).

The Office of the Federal Register published documents such as these submitted by Federal agencies, however we do not maintain the docket on these proceedings. That is done by the agency issuing the document.

For your convenience, I have enclosed a copy of that Federal Register as well as a copy of the first page of the document with the ADDRESSES section highlighted. This is the address where comments should be directed and to which I have forwarded your letter.

We received your letter on April 1, 1997. Since this is after the March 25, 1997 comment deadline, the Minerals Management Service may, or may not accept your comments. In any event, I am forwarding the comments as quickly as possible.

Sincerely,

Jim Wickliffe
Customer Service
Office of the Federal Register

cc. Minerals Management Service
Royalty Management Program
Rules and Procedures Staff
P.O. Box 25165
MS 3101
Denver, CO 80225-0165

National Archives & Records Administration
"Federal-Register" c/o Dir. of Fed Register
Mr. Richard L. Claypoole - For Recording
700 Pennsylvania Ave. NW;
Washington, D.C. 20408

4-1

Director of The Federal Register; March 24th, 1997
Mr. Richard L. Claypoole;

Dear Sir,

Please have the enclosed formal correspondence properly "filed" within the Federal Register as is consistent with the 60-day statute of limitations as published on 1/25/97 within the Fairbanks Daily News Miner issued up here in Fairbanks on pages A-1 and A-6. (Photocopy enclosed).

21 page notarized document with 10 pages containing 15 photocopied attachments also for recording.

Sincerely, Mr. Mark A. Ames
c/o P.O. Box 71693
Fairbanks, Alaska
99707

Feds' plan would hike oil drilling royalties

PUBLISHED: JANUARY 25th, 1997
FAIRBANKS DAILY NEWS-MINER ON
PAGES: A-1 & A-6.

(PUBLIC-NOTICE)

YOUR SEC.28.(a)(1) TITLE
IS UNDER THREAT OF LOSS.....

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON—Oil companies would pay more to pump crude from federal land under a new formula for calculating royalties proposed by the Interior Department.

The royalties would be based on monthly averages of commodity prices rather than a wellhead price that critics say has cheated the taxpayers out of billions of dollars in lost revenue.

"It's a huge victory because, finally, people are going to get what they have been owed," said Danielle Brian, executive director of the Project on Government Oversight, a private watchdog group.

Her organization estimates that the government has lost $3 billion in royalties in the last 30 years due to a loophole in the regulations that is now being [illegible].

[illegible] companies will pay an extra $100 million a year in royalties, Brian estimated, though Interior Department officials believe the figure would be lower than that.

The proposed regulations were to be published in Friday's edition of the Federal Register, said Tom DeRocco, an Interior Department spokesman. They will be open to public comment for 60 days.

Rep. Carolyn Maloney, D-N.Y., who has pressed the agency's Mi-

See OIL, Page A-6

Continued from Page A-1

nerals Management Service to charge higher royalties, also praised the regulations as a "fix for which we have all been waiting."

The agency estimates that producers of California oil alone have underpaid royalties by $400 million since 1980, said Donald Sant, associate deputy director [illegible]oyalties management.

[illegible]ant said the wellhead price does not accurately reflect the value of oil as it reaches the refinery. The government "should be getting royalty for the market value of the crude oil."

(ALASKA - SHOULD)

OIL: Royalties

A monthly average of futures contracts on the New York Mercantile Exchange would be used to calculate royalties for crude pumped east of the Rocky Mountains. California and Alaska prices would be based on a similar average of Alaska North Slope crude.

Officials at the American Petroleum Institute, the industry's trade group, had no comment on the proposed regulation. "We have not seen that proposal," said spokesman Joe Lastelic.

RATIFIED 7-7-58 , STATEHOOD 1-3-59 , "TITLE"

We the people of Alaska, grateful to God and to those who founded our nation and pioneered this great land, in order to secure and transmit to succeeding generations our heritage of political, civil, and religious liberty within the Union of States, do ordain and establish this constitution for the State of Alaska.

ALASKA STATUTES

[MINES AND MINING]

Sec. 28. (a) The last sentence of section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the leasing of coal lands in the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes", approved October 20, 1914 (48 U. S. C. 439), is hereby amended to read as follows: "All net profits from operation of Government mines, and all bonuses, royalties, and rentals under leases as herein provided and all other payments received under this Act shall be distributed as follows as soon as practicable after December 31 and June 30 of each year: (1) 90 per centum thereof shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to the State of Alaska for disposition by the legislature thereof; and (2) 10 per centum shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of miscellaneous receipts."

(b) Section 35 of the Act entitled "An Act to promote the mining of coal, phosphate, oil, oil shale, gas, and sodium on the public domain", approved February 25, 1920, as amended (30 U. S. C. 191), is hereby amended by inserting immediately before the colon preceding the first proviso thereof the following: ", and of those from Alaska 52½ per centum thereof shall be paid to the State of Alaska for disposition by the legislature thereof".

Opinions of attorney general. — Neither the state nor federal government may unilaterally amend the Statehood Act. 1969 Op. Att'y Gen., No. 6.

The United States may not constitutionally enact effective legislation in direct conflict with compact provisions of the Statehood Act unless there is an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska, because a Statehood Act constitutes a compact in the nature of a contract between two sovereign governments. 1969 Op. Att'y Gen., No. 6.

Royalty legislation on state oil and gas leases is a matter within the paramount jurisdiction of the state. The conservation of oil and gas is a matter within the authority of the states. 1969 Op. Att'y Gen., No. 6.

The royalty provisions of a mineral leasing act are related to conservation of natural resources. 1969 Op. Att'y Gen., No. 6.

The United States, under the 10th amendment to the federal constitution, has no authority to legislate on state royalty provisions and state oil and gas leases. 1969 Op. Att'y Gen., No. 6.

An overriding gross royalty of 2% of all proceeds from any state and federal lands conflicts with the Statehood Act and the province of the Alaska state legislature. 1969 Op. Att'y Gen., No. 6.

The United States cannot unilaterally amend the Statehood Act to the state's detriment without the state's consent or acquiescence. April 2, 1981, Op. Att'y Gen.

NOTES TO DECISIONS

Legislative intent. — It was the intent of Congress in the Statehood Act to provide the new state with a solid economic foundation. Rowe v. United States, 464 F. Supp. 1060 (D. Alas. 1979), aff'd in part, 63[redacted] (9th Cir. 1980), cert. denied, 4[redacted]. 101 S. Ct. 2047, 68 L. Ed. 2d 3[redacted]

Applied in United States v. Atlantic Richfield Co., 435 F. Supp. 1009 (D. Alas. 1977), aff'd, 612 F.2d 1132 (9th Cir.), cert. denied, 449 U.S. 888, 101 S. Ct. 244, 66 L. Ed. 2d 113 (1980).

F.N.S.B. RESOLUTION # 95-078 PASSED 11-16-95

Fairbanks Borough supports 90-10 split of ANWR royalties

The Associated Press

FAIRBANKS — One of the linchpins in the state's efforts to convince the federal government to open the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to oil drilling — an agreement to split royalties evenly — has gotten a thumbs down from Fairbanks officials.

The Fairbanks-North Star Borough Assembly on Thursday unanimously approved a resolution pushed by Mayor Jim Sampson asking state officials to stay true to the 90-10 split outlined in the Alaska Statehood Act. (Your "COVENANT")

Congress approved legislation opening the refuge's coastal plain to oil and gas drilling, but that measure calls for the state and federal government to evenly split royalties from any production. The state usually receives 90 percent.

The president has promised a veto of any bill containing the ANWR language.

Alaska's congressional delegation, Gov. Tony Knowles and state Legislature leaders all have argued that hopes of opening ANWR rest on that even split.

But Sampson said that after several weeks of considering the question he decided that the 50/50 idea should either be put directly to voters or it should be dropped.

"I struggled with it a little bit in the sense that as mayor I deal with the governor and our congressional representatives and agree with them on many things," Sampson said.

He said no state officials had asked his opinion on the royalty question, nor had they asked him to support their efforts.

Oil drilling services are part of the Interior's economic foundation, Sampson said, but he didn't want the state to forgo so large a share of its royalties without discussion.

"There's no hidden agenda here. We support ANWR and we support development here, but we also should have a healthy debate as to whether we want to give it up," he said.

ANCHORAGE DAILY NEWS 11/19/95 ARTICLE

SAME AS PRUDHOE BAY AND RURAL COMMUNITIES.

NSB - BARROW ect, ect.

Toksook Bay Traditional Council

June 20, 1995

The Alaska Freedom Council
Attn: Mr. Mark A. Ames
P.O. Box 368
Point Barrow, Ak. 99723

Subject: 2nd Portion Birthrigh: Inheritance Claim

Dear Mr. Ames,

I read the statement you faxed with great interest to find that we do have inheritance of 90% of the revenue base share UNLESS this is something that splintered groups or sovereignty activist have surfaced. I don't know about this because its the first time that I hear about it. May I ask if you have ties with organizations like Kasigluk or Turunak Traditional Elders Council (KTEC or TTEC)?

I could barely read the one you have faxed, could you send me clear copy by mail or any other supporting documents because I want to present this to the Tribal Council for discussion before we call a joint session of this Council, City Council and village corporation Board. I need to make sure before I should present it.

Thank you for providing us the information and I will look forward to hear from you.

Quyana,
TOKSOOK BAY TRADITIONAL COUNCIL
Mr. Jobe Nevak, Chairman

James R. Charlie, Sr.
Executive Director & CEO

P.O. Box 37048 Toksook Bay, Alaska 99637-7048 (907) 427-7114 FAX (907) 427-7114

The Anchorage Times

Publisher: BILL J. ALLEN
"Believing in Alaskans, putting Alaska first"
Editors: DENNIS FRADLEY, PAUL HENDERS, WILLIAM J. TOBIN
The Anchorage Times Commentary in this segment of the Anchorage Daily News does not represent the views of the Daily News. It is written and published under an agreement with former owners of The Times, in the interests of preserving a diversity of viewpoints in the community.

Bad call

June 9, 1996

NOW WE HAVE an idea of how the ball player feels who reaches base safely ahead of the throw — and is called "out" by the umpire. The U.S. Court of Federal Claims made that kind of a bad call this week by ruling that Alaska no longer is entitled to a 90 percent share of revenues from mineral production on federal lands. The ruling also said the federal government is not obligated to develop its mineral lands in Alaska.

According to Judge Eric Bruggink of the Washington, D.C., court, the Alaska Statehood Act doesn't mean what it says, exactly.

Oh, he acknowledged that Congress did in fact include the 90-10 provision in the 1958 act. He further agreed that Interior Secretary Fred Seaton toured the territory prior to the statehood vote and specifically promised that the federal government would aggressively promote mineral development and that the new state would receive 90 percent of the revenues generated from that production.

Judge Bruggink further recognized that Alaskans voted for statehood with the understanding that the 90-10 revenue split would be part of the deal.

Despite all this, it was his goofy conclusion that Uncle Sam is no longer obliged to honor the commitment. According to the judge, the provisions of the statehood compact were never meant to last forever. The deal was not a deal. " CONSTRUCTIVE — fraud!"

This excerpt from his 36-page decision illustrates some of his peculiar logic:

"... The court concludes that the state gives unwarranted weight to Secretary Seaton's comments. There is nothing in his statements specifically promising that Alaska would receive 90 percent of mineral leasing revenues in perpetuity or that the federal government would actively develop ANWR or other areas for leasing. His statements were general in nature and amounted to salesmanship."

Because Congress did not include a sentence in the statehood legislaton exempting Alaska from subsequent changes to federal leasing laws, according to his ruling, the government is not prevented from now treating Alaska like other states when it comes to mineral development policies and revenue sharing formulas.

It's an understatement to say this decision is disappointing for Alaskans. A lot of hard work went into the lawsuit initiated during the Hickel administration and continued by the Knowles administration. The facts, the history, the terms of the statehood compact and a number of very strong arguments are on Alaska's side.

Unfortunately, one judge missed the evidence.

The state should appeal Judge Bruggink's decision to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, and, if necessary, take it to the U.S. Supreme Court.

This bad call should not be allowed to stand without a fight.

THE ANCHORAGE TIMES, P.O. Box 100040, Anchorage, AK 99510

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BARROW, ALASKA 99723

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(907) 852-5511

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apr ad	300

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FRAN ULMER
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
STATE OF ALASKA

July 12, 1996

"Title"
A "90%" - sec. 28. (1)(1)
"interest" belonging to you!

Mark Ames
P.O. Box 368
Pt Barrow, Alaska 99723

Dear Mr. Ames:

Thank you for your interest in the Alaska Statehood compact case. As a follow-up to our telephone conversation, I am writing to inform you that the Department of Law has decided to appeal the decision, and will officially do so prior to the July 31, 1996 appeal end date.

Additionally, you may be interested in CS Senate Joint Resolution 31 (see attached), which is a proposed constitutional amendment entitled, "Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska relating to approval of amendments of the Alaska Statehood Act affecting an interest of the State of Alaska under the Act." This proposed amendment will appear on the ballot this fall. Please see the enclosed letter from Attorney General Bruce Botelho to Lieutenant Governor Ulmer concerning the proposed ballot language.

If approved, Article XII, Section 14 of the Constitution of the State of Alaska would be amended to require either a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature or a statewide vote on any federal amendment to the Alaska Statehood Act.

Again, thank you for your interest in this issue.

Sincerely,

John Lindback

John Lindback
Chief of Staff
Office of the Lieutenant Governor

Enclosures

P.O. Box 110015 Juneau, Alaska 99811-0015 Phone (907) 465-3520 Fax (907) 465-5400

Alaska State Legislature

During Interim: (June - Dec)
716 West 4th Avenue, Suite 500
Anchorage, AK 99501-2133
(907) 258-8185
Fax (907) 258-0226

Drue Pearce
President of the Senate

During Session: (Jan - May)
State Capitol
Juneau, AK 99801-1182
(907) 465-4993
Fax (907) 465-3872

July 16, 1996

Mr. Mark A. Ames
P.O. Box 368
Point Barrow, AK 99723

Dear Mr. Ames:

Thank you for your letter of June 15, 1996. I agree that the State of Alaska was dealt an unfair blow in the Statehood Compact case. The State's arguments are well-founded and reasonable. I have written to the Attorney General, asking that the Department of Law pursue an appeal to the decision. Recently, I received assurances from the Attorney General that the State will in fact be pursuing an appeal in this matter. It is my hope that an appellate court will reverse Judge Bruggink's decision and rule in favor of Alaska. Thank you again for your comments.

Sincerely,

Drue

Drue Pearce
SENATE PRESIDENT

DP:tp

REPRESENTATIVE
TERRY MARTIN
CHAIRMAN
BUDGET & AUDIT COMMITTEE
MEMBER
HOUSE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Alaska State Legislature

MAY 15 - JAN 15 250-8169
716 W. 4TH, SUITE 650
ANCHORAGE, AK 99501

JAN 15 - MAY 15 465-3708
STATE CAPITOL
JUNEAU, AK 99801-1182

HOME 333-6990
385 DONNA DRIVE, #11
ANCHORAGE, AK 99504

March 9, 1995

Mark A. Ames
P.O. Box 368
Point Barrow, AK 99723

Dear Mr. Ames:

I have received a copy of your affidavit regarding the incident that took place at the Barrow inaugural ball, and appreciate your having sent it to me.

I also appreciate the fact that you have stood up for your First Amendment right to freedom of speech and expression. Whether or not I agree with your point of view (and in this case, I certainly do), I believe it is imperative that we protect your right to state that point of view. It astonishes me that in this day and age the organizers of the Barrow event would not have the good sense to allow you to make your silent protest. I find it hard to believe that politicians as astute as Tony Knowles and Fran Ulmer would have allowed the coercion you experienced, if they were aware of it.

As I said, I agree with your message, that the Knowles administration must continue the federal lawsuits initiated by Governor Hickel. It is crucial to the people of Alaska and their state government to obtain the answers to the questions about our statehood compact that have been raised by Governor Hickel. The only way we will know for sure is to adjudicate these lawsuits to a final decision.

Keep up your good work.

Sincerely yours,

Terry Martin

Rep. Terry Martin

Alaska State Legislature

REPRESENTATIVE
JEANNETTE JAMES
PO Box 56622
North Pole, Alaska 99705
(907) 488-1546
FAX (907) 488-9006

House of Representatives
House District 34

While in Juneau
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska
99801-1182
(907) 465-3743
FAX (907) 465-2381

March 10, 1995

Mr. Mark. A. Ames
PO Box 368
Point Barrow, AK 99723

Dear Mark,

Thank you for sending me a copy of your "Affidavit of Mark A. Ames." I notice you were raised in North Pole, which is my home when I'm not here in Juneau for the legislative session. I'm sorry you had to endure such an ordeal for silently expressing your views. Here are some of my views on the issues you raised.

I believe Alaska should continue the subsistence lawsuit, but the real issue is whether the federal government can force us Alaskans to amend our own state constitution to comply with a federal act. However, we as a state must agree on a position before we can effectively fight against this "take-over" of our state's rights by the federal government. Therein lies the problem... getting Alaskans to take a united stand on this issue, whatever that stand may be. According to Senator Stevens, it will not be possible to amend ANILCA unless we can send a unanimous voice from Alaska. Then, and only then, would Alaska have a chance of having ANILCA amended to agree with our pre-existing constitution instead of the other way around. As long as we are divided among ourselves, I fear we are at the mercy of the federal government.

Believe me, I will continue to fight for Alaska's rights as a state. One of my most fundamental beliefs is that we must have the right to determine our own destny.

Thank you again for contacting me. I hope you will feel free to get in touch with me any time.

Sincerely,

Jeannette

Representative Jeannette James
JJ/bc

REPRESENTATIVE
JEANNETTE JAMES
P.O. Box 58622
North Pole, Alaska 99705
(907) 488-0882

House District 34

Alaska State Legislature

House Of Representatives

Visit in Juneau
State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska
99801-1182
(907) 465-3745

March 24, 1995

Mark Ames
The Alaska Freedom Council
PO Box 368
Barrow, AK 99723

Dear Mark,

Thank you for your March 20 letter. I appreciate the kind words and the support for my ideas.

It does appear, as you say, that ANILCA can be used as an instrument for the federal government to seize Alaska's resource base. The subsistence question and the growing division between rural and urban Alaskans stir up such strong emotions that people's logic becomes clouded. As I said in my earlier letter to you, Alaskans somehow have to find a way to unite and stand together, or we are at the mercy of the federal government. And yes, I do pray for this to happen. I think we all need to concentrate, not on our negative feelings, but on a positive solution which will benefit Alaska as a whole.

Thanks again for sharing your ideas with me. And thanks again for the kind words. It's always good to hear from you.

Sincerely,

Jeannette

Representative Jeannette James
JJ/bc

P.O. BOX 55109
NORTH POLE, ALASKA
99705

By: Jeff Jacobson

CITY OF NORTH POLE

RESOLUTION 95-14

A RESOLUTION REAFFIRMING THE ALASKA STATEHOOD ACT AND ITS 90-10 PROVISIONS REGARDING OIL ROYALTIES

WHEREAS, the United States Congress in the passage of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA) reserved the right to permit further oil and gas exploration, development, and production within the coastal plain of ANWR; and

WHEREAS, Alaska is entitled to receive 90 percent of the oil and gas royalties in ANWR, as well as on other federal oil and gas leases in accordance with the compact provisions of the Alaska Statehood Act; and

WHEREAS, Congress is considering, with support of many Alaska elected officials, bills reducing Alaska's 90 percent share of federal oil and gas royalties in violation of the Alaska Statehood Act; and

WHEREAS, Congress cannot enact legislation in conflict with the compact provisions of the Alaska Statehood Act, unless there is an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska; and

WHEREAS, it is our opinion that any changes to the Alaska Statehood Act should only be made by the people of the State of Alaska in a referendum vote and not by the Alaska Legislature.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the North Pole City Council on behalf of the citizens of North Pole, Alaska request that our Congressional Delegation, Governor, and other elected state officials to uphold the compact provisions of the Alaska Statehood Act, and that in the event that any legislation be passed by Congress to reduce Alaska's share of oil and gas revenue guaranteed to its citizens by the Statehood Act, that such legislation include provisions that it must be approved by a vote of the people of Alaska.

PASSED AND APPROVED BY A DULY CONSTITUTED QUORUM OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NORTH POLE, ALASKA THIS 4th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1995.

Lute M. Cunningham
MAYOR LUTE M. CUNNINGHAM

ATTEST:

Jana Stovarsky
JANA STOVARSKY
CITY CLERK

REPRESENTATIVE
JEANNETTE JAMES
P.O. Box 58922
North Pole, Alaska 99705
(907) 488-1648
FAX (907) 488-4271

Alaska State Legislature

State Capitol
Juneau, Alaska
99801-1182
(907) 465-3743
FAX (907) 465-2381

House Of Representatives
House District 34

Mark Ames
Box 368
Barrow, Alaska 99723

November 1, 1995

Re: Your letter regarding birthright claims — (1867-1997)

Dear Mr. Ames,

I agree with your general positions and also agree that former Governor Hickel was on the proper track when he filed the suits against the Federal government.

I especially agree with you on the 90/10 State/Federal split of resource revenues, we made a deal and we need to make the feds honor the agreement. The 50/50 split deprives all Alaskans of their agreed to "birthright claims".

The term "birthright claims" is an excellent choice of words, I employ third generation Alaskan staff who agree with the "birthright claims" idea.

It is good to get well thought out, informative letters such as yours, thank you for taking the time to write.

Sincerely,

Jeannette

Jeannette James

kbrw
Silakkuagvik Communications Inc.
Top of the World Radio • Dial 680 AM • P.O. Box 109 • Barrow, Alaska 99723 • (907) 852-6811

July 5, 1995

Mr. Mark A. Ames
Post Office Box 368
Barrow, Alaska 99723

Dear Mr. Ames:

I have reviewed your letter to the Board of Directors of June 16th 1995 and have also discussed your conversations with Mr. Steve Hamlin, Assistant General Manager, in detail with him.

It appears that you are extremely interested in the Alaska Constitution and in the interpretation of its various articles and provisions as well as other legislation that has an impact on Alaska. While you may have unique personal interest in these subjects that is not reason enough for Silakkuagvik Communications to make its facilities available to you or anyone else who may be interested in a given subject.

The programming of the station is vested in the professional staff and not the Board of Directors for a number of reasons, paramount of which is the fact that the members of the staff are frequently in contact with the listeners and community leaders. Through those contacts the staff is able to ascertain the issues the station will address through our regular scheduled programming services. I have reviewed Mr. Hamlin's assessment of your "request" for air time and concur with his decision not grant your request.

Sincerely,

Don Rinker
Vice President and General Manager

cc: Silakkuagvik Communications, Inc. Board of Directors

ORDER OF INCORPORATION
(COPY)

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S COURT FOR THE NOATAK KOBUK
RECORDING DISTRICT
SECOND JUDICIAL DIVISION, TERRITORY OF ALASKA

In the matter of incorporation)
of the Village of Barrow) ORDER OF INCORPORATION

At this time the court considers the records and files from which it appear and the court finds that a petition was duly filed in this court and signed by at least ten bona fide residents twenty-one years of age or older of the community of Barrow in the Second Division of the Territory of Alaska praying that the community be incorporated as a village pursuant to CH. 150, SLA 1957;

Order was then made for a public hearing and that *order duly posted in three public places in the village.*

That a public hearing was held in the community on the subject of incorporation; that upon such hearing this court made it's order finding that it is for the best interest and welfare of the above entitled village that it becomes incorporated.

The court did fix the time for the holding of an election to determine whether a majority of the qualified electors of said community desire to become incorporated as a village and did appoint three qualified voters as election judges.

That copies of election notices were posted in three public places within the proposed village.

That pursuant to said notice an election was duly held on the first day of August, 1958, and the election judges have sent to this court their returns and certification.

That at said election and by a seperate ballot the electors cast their ballots for the election of five persons to serve as councilmen of said village; that it appears from the returns of the election judges that the following named persons received the highest number of votes as councilmen:

EBEN HOPSON: SAM TAALAK:
EDDIE HOPSON: FORREST SOLOMON: STEVE HOPSON:

That all matters and things necessary to be done and observed have been done and performed pursuant to the provisions of CH 150 SLA 1957.

And now the court being fuly advised and having found as

ORDER OF INCORPORATION (CON'T)

DOES ORDER, ADJUDGE, AND DECREE the "Incorporated Village of Barrow", situated and existing in the Second Division of the Territory of Alaska, now is and hence forth shall continue to be a duly incorporated village, pursuant to the provisions of CH. 150, SLA 1957; and shall enjoy and possess all the rights, powers, and the privileges granted by CH 150, SLA 1957; That the boundaries of said incorporated village shall be as follows:

"Using the present Post Office building as a central point and subscribing a circle of three miles extent surrounding this structure, it being understood that the high water mark will be the boundary on the side of the Arctic Ocean."

That the village is declared a body politic under the name of the "Incorporated Village of Barrow."

That said incorporated village shall have perpetual succession by such corporate name;

That said incorporated village is empowered to hold personal and real property necessary for it's purposes;

That said incorporated village is empowered to sue and be sued;

That said incorporated village is empowered to make and amend ordinances, rules, regulations, and orders in accordance with law;

That said incorporated village is empowered to levy *and collect a general sale tax;*

That said incorporated village is empowered to do such other acts necessary or desirable to carry it's powers into effect:

FURTHER, IT IS ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED, That Eben Hopson, Sam Taalak, Eddie Hopson, Forrest Solomon, and Steve Hopson be, and they are hereby declared to be the duly elected councilmen of the "Incorporated Village of Barrow" and are entitled to hold such office of councilmen and perform their duties and functions thereof until one year from this date, or until their successors are elected and qualified.

Dated: Kotzebue, Alaska 8-28-58 s/Alfred G. Francis SEAL
U.S. Commissioner

August, 1958 8-28-58

Native group challenges U.S. purchase of Alaska

The Associated Press

ANCHORAGE—A group of Alaska Native political activists contends Natives have a legal right to self-government based on a belief that the 1867 purchase of Alaska was a bogus deal.

"Russia was told by the United States and Great Britain that they did not have title to the Northwest Coast," said Rudy James, a Tlingit activist and spokesman for the Sovereign Alaska Indigenous Nations Tribunal. James made his comments Friday as the group concluded a weeklong gathering in Anchorage.

The Native people "never sold Alaska," he said. "We never made an agreement of any kind."

About 25 members of the tribunal organization gathered at the Federal Building Friday morning to claim that Russia never owned Alaska, as allegedly documented by letters from President James Monroe to the czar of Russia decades before the 1867 Alaska sale.

"The czar of Russia did not have title to Alaska," the group said in a printed statement. "He could not transfer title to the United States. The indigenous peoples have absolute title to their homelands ... "

Federal officials in Alaska sharply disputed the claims of the gathering.

"It's safe to say that the jurisprudence of the United States has been well established," said Bob Bundy, U.S. attorney for Alaska. "I don't think legally that there's any question of that issue."

Deborah Williams, the U.S. Interior Department special assistant to the secretary for Alaska issues, agreed.

"We do not see a basis for these claims," Williams said. "The land ownership patterns in Alaska and the statehood status of Alaska are well-established and legally justified."

Friday's hour-long press conference at the Federal Building ended a week of discussions on sovereignty issues at the University of Alaska Anchorage, attended by Native people from across the state and the Lower 48. Representatives from about two dozen Alaska villages participated, along with those from Hawaii and Lower 48 tribes.

Spokesmen for the group said the group agreed to a number of resolutions, including:

"We assert our right to hunt, fish, trap without governmental or state interference and restrictions."

The 1971 Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act "was an act of deception and attempts to exterminate Alaska's indigenous people, which includes extinguishing their lands and thereby eliminating our resources for our livelihood, cultural heritage, social and spiritual survival."

The belief that, "Genocide is being committed against us ... in the culture, economics, medical experiments, the environment —the whole scenario," said tribunal member MaryAnn Mills of the Deni'ina Tribe.

"We are now embarking on a program to exercise our rights of self-determination," James said. "That is the path we are on. Don't be alarmed or upset. We have no hate, no animosity and no grudges against anybody."

TO: The U.S. Department Of The Interior
U.S. Secretary Of The Interior,
Mr. Bruce Babbitt #1849 C Street NW;
Washington, D.C. 20240

SUBJECTS: Claim Of Title, Section 28.(A)(1) 90% Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339).(Property)

Notification Of Non-Acquiescence Of Ownership Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic reveune resource base.(Property based asset)

March 24th, 1997 A.D.

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Notification Of Activation Article III 1867 Treaty Of Cession (November-1995). (Cui-bono c/o Alaska)(Property)

Notification Of Claim (Cui-bono) Over All Trails, Roads And Transportation Routes Upon Alaska's Federal Lands c/o (Cui-bono) 49th-State Of Alaska's Residents & Citizens 1866 U.S Law #RS2477. (State-Property)

Notification Of Subversive Activities To Subvert & Defraud The 49th State Of Alaska (& Indirectly 49 U.S. Sister-States) By Constructive Fraud To Usurp Provisional Section 28.(A)(1) 90% Resource Base Title.(Property-asset)

ADVANCE NOTIFICATION AND WARNING : Accordingly Defined; Noah Webster's 1828 American Dictionary Of The English Language, w/other Pertinate Words

Dear Secretary Of Interior, Babbitt;

God bless you and greetings from the Greatland's interior Tanana Valley of Fairbanks! Alaska's largest interior city was established in 1903 just after Italian immigrant, Felix Pedro discovered gold here in 1902. This is also where our 55 Territorial elected delegates assembled for our Territorial Constitutional Convention up at the (UAF) University of Alaska Fairbanks between 11/8/55 and 2/6/56 to craft our future State's Constitution.

The 55 selected delegates chosen from across Alaska in many ways, represents those here today and all across America. They consisted of: aboriginal born native Alaskan, native born Alaskan, domiciled Alaskan and naturalized Alaskan representation, citizens and residents of the Territory Of Alaska. These are dates to remember because after 14 attempts at Statehood all being consistently rejected, this 15th attempt was met with success and later approved by our Territorial residents by election ballot on April 24th, 1956 two months after the delegates' crafted work was completed. The National Municipal Leauge termed the work... "one of the best, if not the best, State constitutions ever written."

The first of 14 Statehood attempts began in 1916 under the leadership of Judge James Wichersham which helped Alaska reach it's Territorial status with President Taft signing the Second Organic Act on August 14th, 1912 giving authorization for Alaska's Territorial Legislature to be created.

Fiftysix (56) years after the (Providential) in-grafting of Russian-America (Alaska) into a U.S. possession under the terms and covenants of agreement found within the 1867 Treaty Of Cession, transferring Alaska from Imperial Russia to our United States under Czarist Emperor, Alexander II and President, Andrew Johnson's Administration 2 years after the Civil War ended (1865), Alaska recieved it's first Presidential visitor in July of 1923.

Upon native born Ohioan, 29th U.S. President, Warren Gamaliel Harding's term in 1921 he opennly rejected and denounced the Leauge Of Nations (today's UN) and as a result prevented our nation from entrance therein for the next twentyfour (24) years. In 1945, with the beginning of U.S. participation, the first organizational meeting conducted itself upon our westcoast State of California to begin it's slow but steady growth towards domination.

The year Harding's Presidency began intrestingly enough, was the same year the Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) formed in 1921 to work as a change-agent from within, to influence American opinion on international events and issues, eventually the U.S. State Department was running over with CFR members as they are today, in most all top U.S. governmental posts. President, Harding's election came seven (7) years after the Federal Reserve Act was passed in 1913 under preceeding President, Wilson's Administration just before WWI would require U.S. participation.... Author's of the Federal Reserve Act of 1913 actually formed a monopoly as a private organization over America's public monetary system to begin the intrest and usery scheme now in place relating to national debt as a consequence of meetings held in 1910 off the coast of the State of Georgia. This violates Article I section VIII of the September 17th, 1787 Constitution of the United States as was it's purpose in taking the public monetary system's responsibilities out of the hands of Congress and placing it in the hands of the private few.

The seventh (7th) and last Ohioan born President, Warren G. Harding five (5) months before his historic visit to Alaska, established by Executive Order the U.S. Petroleum Reserve No. #4 in Arctic Alaska, north of the Brooks Range on February 17th, 1923. His arrival to the Territory of Alaska was eleven (11) years after President, Taft established it so, on August 14th, 1912 by signing the Second Organic Act, as stated. After transport by ship calling on several Alaskan ports President, Harding was railed north into our interior by train, through Nenana and on into Fairbanks. President, Harding clearly and publicly spoke his views and expressed them in a manner that also expressed the nation's. He spoke on behalf of the nation with respect to the disposition of Alaska's resource base as he addressed other topics during his visit in July of 1923 to our Tanana Valley community of Fairbanks. This, was just before his untimely and very suspect death just after leaving Alaska's soil, when he was found mysteriously "dead" in a California hotel room August 2nd, 1923, and thereafter, was not even afforded or allowed a scientic determination of cause of death by autotopsy to our national shame.

Thirtysix (36) years before the Territory Of Alaska reached Statehood 1/3/59 difinitive language was used in specific refference to disposition of Alaska's bountiful economic revenue resource base... President, Warren G. Harding considerably knowledgible of Alaska's previous history, to the point of death, had enough vision and forethought to see the Territory eventually achieving Statehood in the future.... That following year, after President, Harding's suspect and painful demise, his visit and words were not forgotten. In 1924 the residents of the Territory Of Alaska elected our first, aboriginal born native Alaskan to serve in the Territorial House of Representatives, (Tlingit) William L. Paul, 40 years before the 1964 Civil Rights Act was passed. This historic election was 31 years before the last Territorial Constitutional Convention assembled at the (UAF) University Of Alaska Fairbanks, as aforementioned between 11/8/55 and 2/6/56.

Having several attempts for Statehood fail since 1916, historically for the same reason of not having a sufficent economic revenue resouce base to meet a new State's perceived operating costs, as the record shows,made President Harding's visit, words and death all the more memorable. Harding was aware of the obstacles to Statehood and felt as Wichersham, that Alaska's resources should benefit Alaskans as well as others. Just prior and thereafter the turn of the century the J.P. Morgan, Guggenheim and Schiff conglomerate known as the "Alaska Syndicate" was in operation in Alaska extracting it's material, mineral resource base without benefits being recieved by Alaska's residents to include the first Alaskans, the aboriginal born native Alaskans.

Interior Secretary Babbitt, please excuse me for demanding a moment of your very busy time... But, Alaska's history is both a complex and unique one, an inner-woven composit of aboriginal, Imperial Russian and American history condensed and combined into one... To some great or lesser extent I, being a native born Alaskan American, born in Alaska over the last 130 years between 1867 and today in 1997, particularly since Statehood (1/3/59), represent these combined histories and intrests. In any event I'm writting you out of a moral civic-mindedness which has bound my conscience in defence of historically, culturally, (LEX-REX) lawfully, (Providentially) and economically recognizable intrests.... I do request of you, this correspondence, it's enclosures and comments all be officially recieved within the public record at the U.S. Department Of The Interior, within the Federal Register, National Archival Centers, your subdivisional departments & subordinate offices, so that information contained herein, will not be-

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-nature, based upon ideological and philosophical presuppositions and assumptions found in a religion the courts have supplanted traditional American jurisprudence with as it relates to the court rulings, particularly those of a (superficial) "Seperation Of Church And State" nature. The dogmatically issued judicial edicts based upon humanism has translated into constitutional-law being supplanted by sociological-law, marking the pre-1962, 186 year period in sharp contrast. Court sanctioned sociological-law of the post-1962 era over the last 3 1/2 decades, particularly with reguard to traditional American Church activities, has consistently led to the advancement of the religion of secular humanism over and within public institutions to the exclusion of historical christianity. Examples may suffice as prayer and bible study, or open intellectual disscussion about the people, history, principals and precepts taught in the bible within the public school system, which is now cause for litigation at every turn. I contend that, humanism and it's adherants are antagonistic against institutions within our nation and our 50 States, their foundations and rudiments based upon christian principals. Humanism is intolerant of monotheistic religions that teach a code of of civil, social, and moral conduct. I assert, that advancement of the religion of humanism is as a result of infiltration into the (ABA) judicial branch of State and federal governments, wherein, court rulings are designed constructively to disenfranchise those adhereing to a christian constitutional form of self government in republic form, based upon biblical precepts and principals which are foundational to America, 1776 to date. Under the guise of tolerance and supposed seperation of church and state government and public educational institutions have been philosophically and ideologically taken-over as tools and instruments to further undermine our communities, States, nation and western civilization in general as a goal of humanism's leaders and adherents to the detrimental decay of our nation. Pressed upon the minds of America's school children mandatorially are the doctrines of secular humanist teaching to the exclusion of biblical christianity, and how it influenced the people, history and founders of our country. Public schools are filled with the tennents of secular humanist religious doctrines which I believe are detrimental the the future of our country, it's health, well being and security. I assert, 3 1/2 decades of humanism being taught in American schools has ran it's course, and the report card is not an A but instead a big fat "F" which is jeopordizing our blood bought freedoms and liberties at a most alarming rate! I assert, officials from the highest to the lowest levels of public office have forsaken their constitutions, commissions, oath, and God to the point they do not even care about the taxpayer which is now the victim of government extortion. I assert, the religion of humanism and it's teachings being imposed upon American children through public-school intellectual experimentation and the greater American society through judicial rulings as aforementioned, is subterfuge to use the educational and judicial systems to overthrow our 50 State constitutions by following, advancing and adopting humanist doctrines in addressing contemporary issues of the day sociologically.

In mainline academic and intellectual circles humanism is seen and functioning as the religion it is, which is diametrically opposed to the christian presupositions and assumptions creating the foundations of our nation. The dogmas and doctrines of this religion are clearly defined and outlined by authorities as wide and diverse as Humanist Manifestos I & II, the Humanist Magazine and two United States Supreme Court decisions Torcaso vs. Watkins 367 U.S. 488 (1961) and U.S. vs. Seeger 380 U.S. 163 (1964), all expressly acknowledging humanism's religious nature. Which, I contend, is undermining, and working incrementally to abolish our individual, State and National sovereignty amongst the nations of the world. The humanist religion to which I refer is not to be confused with humanitarianism, humaness or classical learning. I assert, that, this subversive ideological infiltration of humanism within our country and it's public institutions under the guise of tolerance and church-state seperation have almost completely censored school textbooks of any and all christian doctrine, leaving and advancing only that primarily of secular humanism which is sociological mind control affecting the nation and it's people sociologically, ideologically and spiritually in a negative way as it's doctrines work through the fabric of the nation slowly undoing it.

This discrimatory and intolerant religion's hold on our nation's institutions is second to none in the rejection and isolation of traditional christian based reasonings from a (Providential) biblical world view which brought forth and grounded our American nation as a Christian Constitutional Republic form of government, an english speaking nation of which many we are... I beleive this to be due to the very Providence of God, our Creator, found in the book of Genesis and within almost all the aforementioned documents as they relate to the 49th State of Alaska, it's history chronological or retroactive.

-President, Dwight D. Eisenhower upon ratification (7/7/58) and upon the formal Proclamation of Alaska Statehood on 1/3/59 and is a matter of public record nationally as well as internationally, for those of us concerned enough to examine the proofs. Alaska reached Statehood on 1/3/59 consistent with President, Harding's foresight of 36 years earlier and consistent with the 1867 Treaty of Cession (Providential) which 92 years earlier in-grafted (Russian-America) Alaska into a U.S. possession also under certain terms of agreement.

I do not like what I see as a "siezure" of Section 28.(A)(1) 90%, being framed as a default potentially, after the publicly announced 1/25/97 60-day period is over by people, be they in federal, State or private office which are blatantly in total disreguard of our constitutional form of government and it's due-process provisions... Under the U.S. and Alaska State Constitutions Alaska's Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions state clearly: Section 28.(A)(1) "90 per centum..." (*Alaska State Legislature*) Section 28.(A)(2) "10 per centum..." This is also commonly refferenced as the "90-10 split" This concerns all mineral royalties derived off Alaska's federal land, inclusive of those as they relate to the artcle aforementioned dated 1/25/97 concerning crude-oil royalties and it's market value, westcoast, eastcoast or otherwise.

The aforementioned article, after reading it gave me a very uneasy feeling... It was a distinctive feeling, that the only thing required to loose our State's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% was.... unthankfulness, distraction, apathy, no historical perspective and a ungreatful heart, all diregaurding a response of anykind. In direct opposition to these I was inwardly moved upon to write, before the 60-day statute of limitations expired. I wrote this, to deny any in-justice to somany uninformed people who pay taxes and entrust public servants to protect and defend their (God) established constitutional and civil rights, but seem in instances such as this not to beable to discern right from wrong anymore (?) I assert claim over Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource base to block any form of acquiescence on behalf of Alaska, the State of my birth, it's people and our (Covenant) 49 sister-states in the face of any ideological or philosophical foe be they foreign or domestic, within or without the public or private service of the Alaska State or federal governments accordingly (Cui-bono). Expressive of the inward unction I received to act upon this article can best be represented by the first eight (8) words to our Alaska State Constitution, in it's timely (Providential) written Preamle, they seemed to shine like stars.....

Now that the 60-day requirement has been met, I'd like to submitt the following as a full addendum of activities and events also relating directly and indirectly to the (Providential) economic revenue resource base provisions of Section 28.(A)(1) 90%. I request that this also be made apart of the official public record.

While it may be contrary to contemporary, popular, fictional, mythical beliefs or veiwpoints, I assert, that the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act known as "ANCSA", (retroactive-act) signed in 1971 by President, Richard M. Nixon and the Alaska National Intrest Lands Conservational Act known as "ANILCA", signed in 1980 by President, Carter.... In no-way, invalidated or anulled the State of Alaska (1/3/59). I assert, that in no way did either the 1971 (retroactive-act) ANCSA or 1980 ANILCA Acts abrogate or abolish our 49th Sovereign State, Alaska. Or, the following: Alaska's Territorial Constitutional Convention (UAF) 11/8/55-2/6/56, the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339), it's Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisional Section 28.(A)(1) 90%, President, Eisenhower's signature formalizing Alaska Statehood on 1/3/59 (Proclamation), the 1867 Treaty Of Cession's articles, covenants, compacts, terms of agreement of purchase an article III, the U.S. Bill of Rights of December 15th, 1791 (12/15/1791), the Constitution of the United States ("We the People....") of September 17th, 1787 (9/17/1787), The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of America of July 4th, 1776 (7/4/1776), or preceeding historical foundations of our nation to include: The Mayflower Compact (Covenant) of November 11th, 1620 (11/11/1620) adhereing to the pre-Gregorian changed calander, the (Magna-Carta) Great Charter Of English Liberties of June 19th, 1215 (6/19/1215), the Common-Law, the chronological or biblical world view of history based upon the Old and New Testaments, began to be recorded by Moses' writting in approximately 1688 B.C.

I wish to assert by comment also that a series of judicially activistic rulings issued by the United States courts in the early 1960's, 1962 & 1963, after and before the murder of our 35th U.S. President, John F. Kennedy, were sociological in-

I would go so far in logical reasoning to include all surface and subsurface rights be directly given and granted as private property to manage and cultivate as these private for profit shareholders and their boards see fit to do. Private ANCSA shareholdership in ANCSA regional corporations does not deny the aboriginal born native Alaskan American's public-incorporated shareholdership within the public-incorporated State of Alaska they helped to create since 1924, aboriginal born native Alaskan Americans hold and have dual-shareholdership and intrests within both the private (ANCSA) and public (Ak-Sec. 28. (A)(1) 90%) corporations. This has apparently been forgotten to the delight of subversively active operatives within and outside Alaska's established boarders!

I want to re-iterrate, the above mentioned article dated 1/25/97 and published within the Fairbanks Daily News, is deceptive and subversive in nature as it denies constitutional due-process rights and gives no mention or recognizable acknowledgement of the factual "TITLE" diffrences between federal lands in Alaska and those federal designated lands eleswhere... That the diffrence is the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress. H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) and it's contractual Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provisions, which no other State in our Union or sovereign government in the world has which makes Alaska's people significant, rare, and unique to be such a minorative participant in such a geographical and politically bountiful body politic with such unreplaceable "combined" Aboriginal, Imperial Russian and American history which has developed the 49th State of Alaska and the Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provision, we own. I do not have evidence this was by accident or by mistake (Providence) Alaska's people are significant and worthy of due-process! To classify Alaska's federal lands with those of any other place geographically is dishonest, dissinformational, propagandization which deliberately omitts the truth to decieve the reader, which in this clear case as it would affect our Alaskan federal land oil royalties, is subversive in nature, with a 60-day statute of limitations, which makes it all the more offensive. To misconstrue this letter, the 60-days required to answer or any other factor "constructively" to help you assume forfeiture or acquiescence of Section 28.(A)(1 is not withstanding, but in violation of a series of more serious contractual, compact, covenant, terms, agreement and Treaty (s).

Secretary Babbitt, you know the difference between Alaska's federal lands and those of eleswhere is the title Section 28.(A)(1) which affords the rural and urban people of Alaska a 90% economic revenue resource base in and through their State government.... Why are you a party to this subversive activity designed to defraud the State of Alaska it's people and indirectly our 49 sister-states in an attempt to usurp our State and Nation's (Providential) economic revenue resource base, Section 28. (A)(1) with no due-process by constitutional guidlines, but by deception and fraudulent activity such as this 1/25/97 article represents? Section 28.(A)(1) 90% is intended to meet the clear logistical and geographical needs of the residents and citizens of the State of Alaska. to meet our State's operating costs. I assert and pray, this response makes clear to the operatives within your Department that there's no acquiescence granted to change, alter, reduce our State's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% owned intrest in any fashion whatsoever.

Under Section (6)(I) of the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339), the new-born State was to recieve NO-SUBSURFACE RIGHTS to lands it was to be conveyed by the federal government in a land selection process to begin after Statehood (1/3/59) of 103 million acres approx. Alaska's land was all considered federal after 1867. 92 years before Statehood. Those lands to be conveyed to Alaska by the federal government allowed no State subsurface rights... After 14 rejections at Statehood since 1916 for the same reason of no economic revenue resource base Section (6)(I) did not help the Statehood ambitions Alaska's Territorial residents had. To assure Statehood and meet the requirement to over come this historical obstycle, Section 28. (A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource base was established to provide the needs the new State government with a resouce base to meet the needs it determined as a sovereign government it's people had.... and have to date.

The word of the United States was given, agreed to and contractually affirmed to in (LEX REX) law uniquivically guaranting the Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resouce base off all federal lands in Alaska through the Alaska Statehood Compact's (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provision to the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-805 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339). It was ratified by Congress, approved by Alaska's voters 8/26/58 and signed by 34th U.S.-

-of limitations with a 60-day requirement to respond by directly relating to the (Providential) economic revenue resource base provisions of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% royalties concerning all of Alaska's federal lands! Consider this time requirement met in full this very day and hour.

While this enclosed, photocopied, aforementioned 1/25/97 article purports to be an Interior Department plan of benefit, it's recognized in fact to be a clever scheme relating directly to Section 28.(A)(1) and Alaska's owned economic property asset base to a controlling 90% intrest of royalties coming from out or within Alaska's federal lands. The newly proposed formula "calculating" royalties from federal lands according to the market value of crude oil off such federal lands in Alaska, is inconsistent with the established plan already setforth under Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (State Of Alaska) and Section 28.(A)(2) 10% (federal). Furthermore, this 1/25/97 published article conceals by ommission the fact that federal lands in Alaska have a very diffrent atatus than federal lands in California or those eleswhere throughout the entire rest of the United States! Most disturbing is that this article, you Mr. Babbitt and the Interior Department along with agency operatives are disreguarding both Alaska State and U.S. Constitutions as you publicly purport doing something good, your actually augmenting the constructive theft and usurpation over this State and Nation's (Providential) economic revenue resource base title known as Section 28. (A)(1) 90% concerning all federal lands in Alaska as is apart of the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339). I assert, that this is subversive-activity to augment the usurpation over this 90% Alaska State owned intrest. Alaskan and U.S. constitutional forms of due-process are disreguarded as no distinguishment is made between federal land status and Department officials on both State and federal levels are withholding the diffrence, and that diffrence is that the people of Alaska own a 90% royalty title off all it's federal lands! It was against my entire make-up as a native born Alaskan-American to see the possibility of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% lost simply by not responding to this article, but to assure retention, and preservation of the provision, this Claim Of Title and Notification Of Non-Acquiescence of ownership is hereby filed. After 14 previous rejections, Section 28.(A)(1) was conditional (contractual).

Alaska's Statehood Act gives the people of Alaska a Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base entitlement provision off all federal lands in Alaska. All lands in Alaska after the 1867 Treaty of Cession was considered federal upon consumation of the (Providential) in-grafting of Alaska as a U.S. possession. Further clarification and classification of that same federal land-mass over the next 92 years up to Statehood in 1959 and those after Statehood does not change Section 28.(A)(1). 90% of the (Providential) economic reveneue resource base off all federal lands in Alaska belonging to the people of Alaska, this is all federal land recognized over the last 130 years here 1867-1997, to include President, Warren G. Harding's Executive Order establishing the Petroleum Reserve No. #4 of 2/27/23 and those further classified and defined under the later 1980-"ANILCA" legislation, known as the Alaska National Intrest Lands Conservation Act, including "ANWR" the Arctic National Wildlife Refudge ect. ect. Section 28.(A)(1) concerns the 90% economic revenue resource base off all federal lands in Alaska to meet the needs of it's citizens in rural and urban areas. The need is just as great if not more so today and Alaska's people should'nt be disenfrachised or defrauded, particularly those born here over the last 130 years since the Treaty of Cession in 1867, or those born here over the last 38 years since the "word" of our nation was given in-law (LEX REX) by Statehood, through the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) and it's contractual Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base provisions from mineral royalties off all federal lands in Alaska.

Because of the terms of agreement, contractual for Alaska's Statehood in it's entirety on 1/3/59, between two sovereigns, all federal lands in Alaska are directly pertainable to Section 28.(A)(1) 90% outside of military base lands.

The only possible exception, and that with the direct approval of the sovereigns (49th Alaska State Government and the U.S. Government), would and could be the defined lands resulting from the 1971-("ANCSA") Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, due to the ancient ancestorial origin and "retroactive" nature of the ANCSA Act itself.... Where any federal lands over-lap those lands selected under the 1971-ANCSA should completely be those private lands belonging to those regional corporations as we know them today, whose participants are the aboriginal born native Alaska Americans born since 1867 over the last 130 years since the Treaty Of Cession and are the private shareholders of these regional ANCSA corporations established upon historical recognition.

misconstrued to mean something it does not say, or say something it does not mean, purposefully or otherwise.

As a unique minorative member, of a non-contiguous State upon the Northamerican continent, the most northern, the largest, to include being the largest peninsula upon this continent, I'm a native born Alaskan American. I'm a memeber of the public-incorporated 49th State of Alaska with a population base of about 555,000 people. Fewer are actually eligible to vote and much less a reduced number are those of which were *born in Alaska over the last 130 years since Cession (1867), since Territorial status* (1912), and particularly since Statehood in 1959. I'm not ashamed of my membership in the political body politic of the State Of Alaska, the State of my birth. Based upon my total life's experiences I have a genuine, historically rare geographical, political point of veiw others should be more tolerant of and not use as an excuse to persecute me. For all the above reasons, I request that you Secretary Babbitt, the Interior Department, Executive Administration you serve and it's post-1962 philosophical-ideology, to cease and desist from any further discrimination against me, to cease and desist from any and all further attempts to usurp control over Section 28.(A)(1) of my Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) owned by the State of my birth, Alaska, and it's people, of which, I'm but one, of the least. Alaska's Section 28.(a)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource base has been lawfully established through our Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) and is a matter of open public record post Territorially Statewide since ratification of The Alaska Statehood Act and public incorporation in it's entirety as the 49th State Of Alaska on 1/3/59. This is a direct result of the previous 1867 Treaty of Cession, of some 92 years earlier between Imperial Russia and the United States. This is a matter of public record Statewide, nationwide and internationally that Cession transpired in 1867 and that Statehood was reached in 1959 through the Alaska Statehood Act according to the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions, one of them being Section 28. (A)(1).

I assert, "Claim Of Title" over Section 28.(A)(1) 90% on behalf of the 49th State Of Alaska according to it's clear provision intended this day, as it was then, to provide our State government with a solid economic foundation. I assert a Claim Of Title over Section 28.(A)(1) 90% to block usurpation, theft, forfeiture and acquiescence on behalf of the State of my birth, it's people, our Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) and our 49-sister states (Cui-bono) as an act of retention and preservation needful to timely alter the course of acquiescence of Section 28.(A)(1) (Providence). As grounded in law (Lex Rex) Section 28. (A)(1) 90% is apart of the Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) Compact (Covenant) provisions as established by Congress, Territorial residents and President, Dwight D. Eisenhower.

No compromise, usurpation, theft, forfeiture, or acquiescence of Section 28. (A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource base to the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions is granted, but denied. In fact notification is herein, already considered served forbidding and restricting any acqueiscence over Claim Of Title to Section 28.(A)(1) in any manner whatsoever. Be advised, et. al; That, Statehood Acts may not be unilaterally altered as being viewed as contracts between two sovereigns has been consistently upheld by the United States Supreme Court in Cooper vs. Roberts, 59 U.S. (18 How.) 173 (1855); Beecher vs. Wetherby, 95 U.S. (5 Otto.) 517 (1877) and Sterns vs. Minnesota ex. rel. Marr, 179 U.S. 223 (1900). In addition to the violation of these laws, are all those upon which these are predicated (rest) upon, and are of perhaps a much greater consequence in the violation thereof...(?)

As a reasonable human being and Alaskan-American by birth, having a basic amount of common sense, understanding and perspective, I've dispatched this correspondence to register a Claim Of Title and block acqueiscence of the aforementioned Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provision. I am duty-bound of a civic-minded conscience to do so in response to (subversive) activities taking place within the U.S. Department Of The Interior, which is affecting Alaska in a detrimental manner. I'm obligated to the State of my birth, it's people, Compact (Covenant), 49 sister-states to directly correspond, meeting the arbitrarily set 60-day time limitations set....

With course impunity, an Associated Press article was transmitted off the (AP) wire from Washington, D.C. and published within the Fairbanks Daily News Miner (newspaper) which appeared in the 1/25/97 issue entitled: "Fed's Plan would hike oil royalties" (page A-1)... countinued... "Oil: Royalties" (page A-6). It was shocking to see what appeared to be a mere article be in-fact a deceptive public-notice with a built-in statute-

Not all religions are institutionalized in churches. Not all sectarians beleive in the supernatural. Not all catechisms are theistic. After 34 years approximately, of constructive judicial rulings and captive sociological engineering in our nation's classrooms the reportcard is in and it does not look good because it is not good. Liberalism's use of humanism as it's religion within the schools and our government institutions have ran full course dangerously subjecting our country to both an internal and exterior social and physical take-over, inconsistent with our constitutional law and forms of government (50-States).

Concerning a perspective on Alaska's Aboriginal, Imperial Russian, and American history, all combined within the public-incorporated 49th State Of Alaska (1/3/59), I submitt the following:

After Alaska's Statehood in (1/3/59) 1959, the 103 million acre land selection entitlement process just began by the (new-born) State when the earlier aforementioned, (sociological-law) rulings were issued (60's) 1962-63.... Disgruntled, aboriginal born native Alaskans, insensed over the Statehood land selections process, which were percieved to be without concern, coordination, sensitivity or cooperation examined their long established history and thus, Alaska's, from point of origin, as far as it was possible to do so. Thereafter, the leadership of these aboriginal born native Alaskans presented 37th U.S. President, Richard M. Nixon with forceful and logical reasonings which showed in-fact official pre-recognition of Alaska's first "NATIVE" (s) born inhabitants, these were the ancestors of the aboriginal born native Alaskans of today. This recognition was official international pre-recognition which pre-dated Alaska's Statehood by over 92 years (1867-1971) as found in article III of the 1867 Treaty Of Cession, as found throughout earlier historically recorded obsevations by Russian adventurers pre-dating Cession by 126 years (1741-1867) and through more current means of scientific archeological and antropological research further pre-dating existence of Alaska's first NATIVE born peoples, the indiginous-aboriginals back to ancient days of old....

Due to these presentations of historical accuracy seen by Pres, Nixon as a logical and reasonable historical viewpoint based upon pre-1962 reasoning, and world-view involving the issue's rudimentary origins in Common-Law, translating back before 1741, before 1867, 1959, 1962 and 1971, President, Nixon made a command decision to sign the 1971 ("ANCSA") Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. In doing so, he honored the contemporary descendants of the ancient ancestorial birthright claims, which were germain. These descendants, aboriginal born native Alaskans were claiming their ancestor's Common-Law ancrstorial birthrights 104 years after U.S. purchase through "ANCSA" (1971) retroactively! Truely, a most wonderful and remarkable thing to see and understand by living through it...

Thus, the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act "ANCSA" signed in 1971, after Statehood in 1959 was a "retroactive" piece of legislation directly relating to pre-1971, 1962, 1959, 1867 and 1741 origins of ancestorialship in both principal and precept, these claims being made in 1971, translating "back" over 230 years at the time, and today over 256 years... President, Nixon's signing of ANCSA in 1971 honored history in the light of the facts, aboriginal born native Alaskans which, are also, native born Alaskan Americans having been born in Alaska over the last 130 years since Cession (1867-1997), our State, and nation based upon the clear record of (biblical) Common-Law principals and precepts according to a western civilization's biblical world view. This was despite the (sociological-law) separation of church and state rulings issued 9 years earlier based upon an ideology, world view, assumptions and religion (Humanism). ANCSA signed in 1971 by Presiden, Nixon after Statehood in 1959, allowed for the further official recognition and acknowledgement of these ancient ancestorial birthright claims as a inheritance to benefit the contemporary aboriginal born native Alaskan American descendants by the establishment of private regional ANCSA corporations throughout Alaska. It's been 26 years since ANCSA was signed (1971-1997).

One result of ANCSA being signed, was the private for profit establishment of regional corporations throughout Alaska representing this private inheritance and consisting of private members or shareholders which are today's aboriginal born native Alaskan Americans. These ANCSA corporate entities were given primary ligitimate land selection options as a priority over the new-born State Of Alaska (1/3/59) due to the retroactive nature and origin of ANCSA signed in 1971.The State Of Alaska was stayed by estopple from making any further land selections temporarily until ANCSA selections-

-were completed, again, due to the retroactive nature and origins of ANCSA. This did not anull or invalidate the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) or it's Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provisions, nor the 103 million acre land selections conveyence the State of Alaska was entitled to, it merely delayed all things, until the ANCSA land selections were concluded, as they are today. The 49th State Of Alaska was not anulled, or invalidated as some propagandist's beholding to subversive ideologies would like the people of this sovereign State Of Alaska and the people of our nation, the United States Of America to believe, to the demise of our State and National sovereignty. This apathy, a desired by-product of ideologies and philosophies subversively against both State and National sovereignty is the very kind of social effect desired to smoothly augment "acqueiscence" which I do not share in or ascribe to! (Providence)

With 1971 private ANCSA regional corporations established by process after 9 years (1971-1980) and making land selections, in 1980 the Alaska National Intrest Lands Conservation Act "ANILCA" was passed "abruptly" withdrawing millions of acres of land for preserves, reserves, parks sanctuaries and refudges.... It designated millions of acres of Alaska's federal land further classifying this land as aforementioned, inclusive of these ANILCA designations was ANWR, or otherwise known as the Arctic National Wildlife Refudge. With Cession 92 years before Statehood in 1959, the retroactive 1971 ANCSA and later, 1980 ANILCA there was much confusion for most, for awhile here making the rudimentary issues somewhat diffacult to discern, which is what must always be tracted. The oldest angle to an issue is most often the most important even though it may not be the most politically popular to the social engineers manipulating our governments on the State and federal levels. To understand Alaska's contention, is to understand my own as a native born Alaskan American born here between 1867 and 1997, over the last 130 years, especially since 1/3/59.

Alaska, the State of my birth, just recently turned 38 years old (DOB:1/3/59-1/3/97) after having awaited for the 1971-ANCSA and 1980-ANILCA land selections process to conclude which they generally did in 1990-1994, when second-term Alaska, Governor, Walter J. Hickel was elected and filed several Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant suits affirming non-acqueiscence of the Alaska Statehood Compact provisions (Providential) found within the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) I felt very very good... Governor Hickel was assisted by (Territorial-native born Alaskan /Terr. Cons.Conv. UAF Delegate 11/8/55-2/6/56) Lt. Alaska Governor, Jack B. Coghill from Nenana, Alaska where President, Harding united the railroad upon his visit into the interior in July of 1923.

The suits filed were after long waiting, not permitting acquiescence of any of Alaska's provisions based upon the UAF Territorial Constitutional Convention aforementioned and the Alaska Statehood Act and it's Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions to include Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base provisions (LEX REX) as agreed to by 34th U.S. President, Dwight D. Eisenhower, transmitting the word of this nation... between two sovereigns, one being in the Greatland, the 49th State Of Alaska (1/3/59).

Alaska Governor, Hickel's filed (1990-1994) suits on my behalf, our Alaska Statehood Compact was timely and appropriate as it blocked all acquiescence of afore stated provisions. Upon the election of Alaska, Governor Tony Knowles (1995), several of these significant cases were cut without rural or urban election district due-process causing harm to injury by further threatening the sovereignty and jurisdiction of the people of the State of Alaska and it's corporate body he was obligated to defend! This was found to be directly after election, when pre-1995 election visits were conducted in Washington, D.C. with those mentioned, directly as "Defendants" within these afroementioned, Alaska Statehood Compact cases! While verbal lies spewed-forth from Gov. Knowle's face, about how it was time to talk, he cut these cases without any rural or urban election district due-process threating the intrests of the (1/3/59) incorporated State of Alaska and indirectly the intrest's of our 49 sister States in a manner reflective of subversive activity from within by treasonous means. There was no U.S. or ALaska State Constitutional rural or urban election district due-process affored any of Alaska's citizens or our intrest's particularly those of us (U.S.) born between 1959-1997 as the rarest of political bodies in the nation and throughout the world..... It's subversive to deny this group any political voice while dissenfranchiseing it's members before witnesses near and far....

Native born Alaskans from 1867 thru 1997, and those particularly from Statehood 1/3/59 to date 1997, over the last 38 years are of the rarest political body politic in our nation representing America's Aboriginal-Russian-American-Heritage "combined", we are in effect in-trust of that which was in-grafted in 1867, 130 years ago (Providentially) and we've been side-stepped by operatives trying to claim our State and nation's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base and other entitlements with no Alaskan-U.S. citizenship or constitutional rights being afforded "us" (U.S.) in any of our rural or urban election districts, this is subversive activities to constructively cause fraud against our State and nation's corporate body! The severing of Alaska's people from Compact provisions was committed after pre-election visits, contacts and fraternization took place with defendants. I submitt this as subversive activities to the endangerment of the sovereignty of the STate of Alaska publicly.

The specific Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) case concerning the Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base off all federal lands in Alaska is of great concern to the people of this State (me). It was ruled against on 5/31/96 by federal judge Bruggink using (sociological-law) constructive reasoning based on humanism to augment theft of title of our State and Nation's (Providential) economic revenue resource base Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provisions. His ruling was without American Constitutional jurisprudence for which I charge him with treasonous, constructive fraud against the State of Alaska it's constitution and that of our 49 sister states this Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provision was intended for indirectly through public-incorporation by all parties in agreement. This is involving your department as well Secretary Babbitt as you and you office fraternized with a Governor which directly under-mined our State and national intrests after conferring with you, then dropping cases directly to your benefit to the exclusion of Alaska's, this is conspiratorial in nature to cause the demise of the sovereignty of the State Of Alaska and thus the demise of the intrests which our 49 sister state's have indirectly. I submitt judge Bruggink's action on 5/31/96 as an act of infiltration within the federal judicial system to constructively defraud the people of the U.S. by using an ideology contrary to American jurisprudence to interpret American Constitutional law, in order to theft Section 28.(A)(1) 90% from this State and our 49 sister states to the Union, I cite him with treason against the State and Nation of my birth. P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) Section. 28. (A)(1) 90%, and United States Constitution (We the People....) September 17th, 1787. This Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28. (A)(1) 90% was appealed to the 2nd of three (3) levels of appeal which has great significance attached to it. It has been watched jealosly for many years as to it's disposition by local, State, National and Internationally related parties. It certainly behooves you Secretary Babbitt, with all prudence, and attention, barring an act of war to see the disposition of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% reside with it's owner.... (Aboriginal+Russian+American=) 49th STATE OF ALASKA.

Interior Secretary Babbitt, I submit the enclosed letter from Alaska's rural election district #38 community of Toksook Bay Traditional Council dated 6/20/95 showing there's no due-process or notification being afforded our State's residents, and this was well before the (sociological-law) ruling judge Bruggink issued on 5/31/96 concerning Section 28.(A)(1) 90% we own was issued. The subject title is: "2nd Portion Birthright Inheritance Claim". While ANCSA of 1971 was private regional incorporation of Alaska's aboriginal born native Alaskan American's ancestorial-inheritance based upon the "retroactive" nature of ANCSA's rudiment's of origin, it did not take away aboriginal born native Alaskan American's civic or citizenship participation as Alaskan-American citizens by birth (1867-1997), that given under Territorial status in 1912, or that afforded at Statehood in 1959. Half of the aboriginal born native Alaskan's inheritance is as private 1971 ANCSA regional shareholders, and the other half of their inheritance is afforded as the unique Alaskan American citizens we are through our public incorporated State of Alaska. All ANCSA's "aboriginal" born native Alaskans are also native born Alaskans (1867-1997), they have what amounts to dual "SHAREHOLDERSHIP" within both a private ANCSA corporation and a public Alaska State corporation, which they helped form beginning in 1924! Half of aboriginal born native Alaskan's inheritance is private, while their other portion of inheritance is public, within the public incorporated 49th State Of Alaska through the Alaska Statehood Act's P.L. 85-508 U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions, of which one is: Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base entitlements to all mineral royalties coming from Alaska's federal lands, to go to the Alaska State Legislature for the people.

In the 6/20/95 Toksook Bay Traditional Council letter aforementioned it is acknowledged "...we do have inheritance of 90% of the revenue base..." which makes refference to the Section 28.(A)(1) "90%" revenue base aforementioned in this letter I'm writing, which blocks acquiescence of it. Furthermore, the statement: " I don't know about this because its the first time that I hear about it." shows after 36 years that there is deliberate activity being conducted through State and federal operatives to usurp title over Section 28.(A)(1) through non-notification, constructively augmenting theft of provision by conceived forfeiture through acquiescence against the intrests of the State, it's people, it's constitution and the constitutionof the United States (subversively). This is unexcusable.

I submit Alaska Governor, Hickel's (1990-1994) filing of our Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) specifically concerning our Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provision, in the timely and appropriate manner he did, timely discharge his dutiful responsibilities on behalf of the State of my birth, Alaska and it's citizens in rural and urban areas blocking acquiescence and affirming our ownership over this constitutional provision.

I submit that the 11/16/95 resolution #95-078 unanimously passed by the Fairbanks North Star Borough (FNSB) and it's legislative assembly under the guidence and leadership of Mayor, Jim Sampson was a timely dischrge of dutiful responsiblities on behalf of people owning this Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provision, thereby blocking it from acquiescence and affirming it's ownership by the people, even through the political subdivision, the 1964 established FNSB. I furthermore submit, an article published 11/19/95 concerning the above-mentioned resolution #95-078 passed three days before it's publishing, printed within the Anchorage Daily News (paper) shows evidence of efforts directed at constructive usurpation over Alaska's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base provision entitlement off all federal lands in Alaska, which is Alaska's federal lands as a 90% controling party of intrest. Fairbanks North Star Borough Mayor, Jim Sampson publicly states identifying traits to actions he sees concerning Section 28.(A)(1)'s 90% Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provision, as a result of the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339). Mayor, Sampson specifically notes "...their efforts..." when reffering to State (infiltrated) operatives which have not asked for his opinion or informed him of their efforts concerning the royalty provision Alaskans own which is being compromised as a direct result of designed subversive activities targeting Section 28.(A)(1) 90% to help augment it's usurpation from the people of the FNSB and State Of Alaska without disscussion and without healthy debate which could translate in the non-informed loss by forfeiture through acquiescence of our constitutional Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential) provisions. The article dated 11/19/96, published within the Anchorage Daily News is entitled: "Fairbanks Borough supports 90-10 split of ANWR royalties" which is in direct refference to Section 28.(A)(1) 90% and Section 28.(A)(2) 10% of the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions to the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) concerning Alaska's economic revenue resource base (royalties) off all federal lands in Alaska, which includes the refferenced "ANWR", Arctic National Wildlife Refudge. I submitt this article as evidence of subversive efforts to cause Alaska to "forgo" it's royalty share provisions according to Section 28.(A)(1) 90% in an attempt to cause forfeiture of provision constructively by non-notification of it's compromise, to cause acquiescence by design. On behalf of the State of my birth, Alaska (Cui-bono) I assert "Claim Of Title", additionally blocking any form of non-representative acqueiscence or otherwise.

I submit that, particular (people) State officials and federal officials are acting in concert and subverting all forms of Alaska-U.S. constitutional due-process provisions to engineer the loss, or "theft" of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% without and by not, allowing American forms of due-process. By using offical capacities of public State and federal officies, concerted efforts are being made to undermine Alaska's electoral districts in both rural and urban communities by not discharging, but omitting notification of intrests (90%) under threat of loss through acquiescence which is contrary to the constitutions and oath of public office, as these officials are to protect and defend our State and federal constitutional provisions and have not been released from this duty. There's been no rural or urban election district due-process, disscussion, debate or notification allowed, and it is these "efforts" I submit as subversive in nature to defraud the State of Alaska and our 49 sister-states as aforementioned Secretary, Babbitt.

I submit, further evidence of treason against the State of my birth, Alaska and it's defined intrests by bringing your attention to previous and directly related incidents.... Physically manifesting itself by cocercive force against my body, my mind, my spirit, emotions and Alaskan-U.S. citizenship I was attacked opennly by politically instructed armed officers on 2/24/95 while attending a peaceful public gathering at Ipalook Elementary school, owned by the State of my birth to which I was invited to attend. Within the City of Barrow, within the North Slope Borough within Alaska's election district #37 as I sat quietly espressing political veiws upon a 22x14 inch sign, having no person directly behind me, nor to the right or left I was phyisically grabbed about the neck and arm as I sat quietly expressing my views concerning the Alaska Statehood Compact amongst my peres and an entire public assembly of fellow native born Alaskan Americans (1867-1995) within a festive event I was enjoying as I was awaiting the presence of a disabled freind. This event transpired within the North Slope Borough School District's Ipalook Elementary school building wherein I was assaulted without representation, compensation or redress for my pertinate views to inform fellow citizens of provisions owned by those within these jurisdictions. Armed officiers continued to cause repeated pain to my neck, emotions, and spirit for assembling, for expression and for political infiltration to censhorship the Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base to cause it's loss through and by acquiescence. Subversive activities were direcly deployed against me in the grand over-all attempt to committe fraud against the State of my birth, Alaska, it's citizens, rural and urban and thus, our (U.S.) 49 sister-states by violating constitutional due-process and all civil rights as they apply to augment theft by constructive fraud.

As we know it today, the City of Barrow's origins began in 8/28/58, two days after the Territorial electorate approved (8/26/58) of the Alaska Statehood Act's terms of agreement, our Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant), when the U.S. Commissioner, Alfred G. Francis signed the Order Of Incoporation for the Territorial Noatak Kobuk Recording District, Second Judicial Division on 8/28/58 in Kotzebue, Alaska above the arctic circle. After ratification of the Alaska Statehood Act and it's provisions P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat.339) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% was approved by Territorial ballot on 8/26/58, two days earlier. Barrow's public incorporation was according to CH. 150, SLA 1957 under Territorial status granted in 1912 under President, Taft's signature of the Second Organic Act on August 14th, 1912. Barrow residentsheld their own public election on 8/1/58 to approve the later public incorporation on 8/28/58, two days after the 8/26/58 Territorial election approving terms of Statehood, this was all after "ratification" of the Alaska Statehood Act by the 85th U.S. Congress on 7/7/58. The public-incorporation of Barrow, was one of the last acts of the Territorial government of Alaska before formal addmission on 1/3/59. This shows a direct intrest which the people of Alaska in the City of Barrow have today, directly related to the Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provisions as a political subdivision of the State Of Alaska since 1/3/59 through our State Constitution and through the fact that ANWR, as aforementioned, is located within the North Slope Borough (est. 1972), also predicated upon the Alaska State Constitutional provisions. I submit I was phyisically attacked to prevent the people of Barrow and the North Slope Borough from reaquiring knowlege which may have been lost since Statehood 1/3/59 concerning their lawful provisions as Alaskan-U.S. citizens and according to the Alaska Statehood Act to prevent "acquiescence" of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential/Provisions). My small sign displayed pertinate information concerning our mutually owned resorce asset royalty base concerning the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant). Our Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base royalty provisions off all federal lands in Alaska, I submit is historically, culturally, economically and spiritually important to the people of Alaska, the people of election district #37, 38, 36, 39 and all others in Alaska, important to the people of the North Slope Borough, the people of the City of Barrow, to those I was persecuted for attempting to inform at Ipalook Elementry on 2/24/95. I submit this as subversive activity directed against the State of my birth and it's 49 sister-states. I was given cause to fear for my life, I was assaulted opennly for peacefully expressed views by civic-minded display before the community and people amongst withwhom I shared our community. Most were my peargroup, most (the majority) were fellow native born Alaskans which were directly prevented from reading my sign due to the aforementioned activitiy directed against the public-incorporated State of my birth, Alaska and it's people in a unified effort to help augment loss of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% purposefully without due-process, disscussion, debate, notification, comments, testimony by owners, public expression with signs ect,ect.

I assert a "Claim Of Title" over Section 28. (A)(1) 90% and re affirm the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions as a lawful (LEX REX) fact of historical truth denying all acquiescence. The Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% and Section 28.(A)(2) 10% is the established law concerning federal land in Alaska, it's economic revenue resource base provisions, royalties and disposition as a public-incorporated Alaska State owned property asset intrest belonging to it's people as afforded in law (LEX REX).

The aforementioned article dated 1/25/97 which has provoked my reason to write and also report these aforementioned "subversive-activities" directed against us (U.S.), was published in the interior.... Transmitted over the Associated Press (AP) wire to Fairbanks from Washington, D.C. it appeared within the Fairbanks (Alaska) Daily News Miner pages A-1 & A-6 entitled: "Fed's plan would hike oil drilling royalties" and "Oil:royalties". This article directly concerns the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) and our Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions Section 28.(A)(1) 90%. It as-well concerns the 1867 Treaty of Cession and it's U.S. citizenship clause, otherwise known as article III which was activated November of 1995 having covenants therein which were to be ".... maintained and protected ...." as a direct term of sale which contitioned transfere of (Russian-America 1741-1867) Alaska to the U.S. under President, Andrew Johnson. Denial of Compact (Covenant) provision Section 28.(A)(1) 90% without rural and urban election district due-process, notification, disscussion, debate or in-put by those which "own" this provision is without excuse and is herein, brought to your attention. "NO" consent and "NO" acquiescence is granted any party subversively or otherwise to theft Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base off all federal lands in Alaska, which is the corporate asset property intrest of the people of Alaska from 1867-1997, particularly those born after the agreement was signed by President, Dwight D. Eisenhower on 1/3/59, in the 49th State Of Alaska. The ruling of Judge Bruggink on 5/31/96 is an act of agression, violence through constructive judicial fraud (postfacto) in violation of our national covenant without excuse, reprehensible in nature and without impunity (as perhaps was thought?). The 5/31/96 ruling of judge Bruggink is a destabilizing act with no constitutional jurisprudence but only that of sociological law which is a threat to Alaska's liberty, property, freedom and sovereignty which will reverberates upon our nation and it's security. I have a geographical and political allegience to the State and nation of my birth (et. al.) therefore, I must respond to your Department's errors as such in a timely manner to admonish you of this error, give you warning to properly discharge my responsibilities, moral and civic. These issues I've presented need your utmost attention Secretary Babbitt, please investigate in haste and that without delay, I adjure you, please. "Cease and desist from any further provocative attempt to usurp Section 28.(A)(1) 90%". Please investigate operatives within the federal, State governments which are using their positions to subvert the 1867 Treaty of Cession and Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) in order to defraud the State of my birth, it's people and by these subversive acts our 49 sister-states (Cui-bono).

Direct or indirect theft of a government's sovereignly established economic, revenue resource base is as irresponsible and reprehensible as attempting to arbitrarily restrict access to that owned property asset resource base by attempting siezure of it's roads, trails and transportation routes.... Therefore, I give you formal notification Of Claim over all of Alaska's trails roads and transportation routes upon Alaska's federal lands obtained through the 1867 Treaty Of Cession and later designations (1980-ANILCA) on behalf of the State Of Alaska, it's people (Cui-bono) and (LEX REX) intrests according to the (Providence) Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) and it's Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions established in law for the good of mankind as a formal matter of public record (1/3/59) according to the U.S. 1866 Law #RS2477 which applied to all of Alaska after Cession in 1867, before and after the First and Second Organic Act of 1912 (President, Taft), before and after the Territorial status (1912-1959) throughout Statehood before and after infringment began with planned revision of the U.S. 1866 Law #RS2477 in 1976. This claim is made over these accress trails and roads on behalf of Alaska and it's people to include all designations made thus far represented by approximately 600 case indentifications of record within the Alaska State Department of Natural Resources and or organizations such as the Alaska Outdoor Council and others of record (Cui-bono). The right of the State Of Alaska (1/3/59) to access it's resources for developement on behalf of the people of the State or 49 sister states, superceeds "subversive-activities" to restrict and defraud Alaska of it's 90%.

"UNCIVILIED" as used in the 1867 Treaty Of Cession's article III 130 years ago has been activated (November-1995) concerning the inhabitants of (Russian-America) Alaska as observed from 1741-1867. and their descendants from 1867 to date (1997). This gives and allows for direct ownership over Section 28.(A)(1) 90%, the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions found within the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339), by all native born Alaskan Americans born between 1867-1997 today, this directly concerns all aboriginal born native Alaskan Americans as Alaskan U.S. citizens which (1971) ANCSA and (1980) ANILCA did not exclude participation within. 49th public-incorporated State Of Alaska (1/3/59).

I assert and give notification of a "Claim Of Title" over Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource base off all Alaska's federal lands designated within ANILCA (1980), or transferred in 1867 under the Treaty Of Cession. I give notification (et. al.) "Of Non-Acquiescence Of Ownership" concerning Section 28.(A)(1) 90% of the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant). I formally give "Notification Of Activation Article III 1867 Treaty Of Cession", as of November 1995 c/o (Cui-bono) the State of my birth, Alaska and it's people. I assert and give notification Of Claim over all trails, roads and transportation routes upon Alaska's federal lands designated in 1980 (ANILCA) or those lands transferred by the 1867 Treaty Of Cession (Cui-bono) for the people of the State Of Alaska to have access to their lawful intrests "Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Minerals, mineral-royalties)" to include all routes exisiting prior to 1867, after 1867, those existing prior to 1912, and after 1912, those exisiting prior to 1959, and those after 1959 and all those establised prior to 1976 and after 1976 to date (1997) upon federal lands in Alaska in order that access be not infrindged upon or restricted from Alaska's citizens and residents from accessing, according to the 1866 U.S. Law #RS2477. I assert and give "Notification Of Subversive Activities To Subvert & Defraud The 49th State Of Alaska (&Indirectly 49 U.S. Sister-States) By Constructive Fraud to Usurp Provisional Section 28.(A)(1) 90% Resource Base Title". I do give further notification and admonishment of warnings over aggressive violation of established agreements concerning Alaska's covenants and Section 28.(A)(1) 90% Alaska Statehood Compact according to the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) which directly relates historically to the preceeding 1867 Treaty Of Cession's article III (U.S. citizenship clause) also used to establish the 1971 ("retroactive") ANCSA claim. It's use, 1867 Treaty Of Cession in 1971 revalidated it.

On 12/4/95 the established City Of North Pole, Alaska, a public-incorporated and recognized political subdivision of the Territory Of Alaska, then State Of Alaska claimed the Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base by resolution # 95-14 "blocking" any acquiescence of Section 28.(A)(1) 90%.

The 49th State Of Alaska is a historical composition of Aboriginal, Imperial Russian, and American histories combined. President, Nixon honored the 1867 Treaty Of Cession after it's arcticle III was presented for reasoning to assert the 1971 ("retroactive") ANCSA claim 54 years after the demise of Imperial Russia in 1917 as it was a valid portion of a very long line of historical reasoning. That, Alaska was (Providentially) ingrafted into our nation two years after the Civil War ended in (1865) 1867 through the Treaty Of Cession is evidence of history... That, many material and economic blessings have flowed-out from Alaska upon our nation as President, Harding notably made mention of during his boat and rail venture up, is also evidence of history. Alaska's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% was and "is" the property asset of the State Of Alaska and it's political body politic, (citizens) especially those to whom this covenant, compact and agreement was made, those born in Alaska from 1867-1997, in-particular, those born in Alaska over these last 38 years awaiting the conclusion of the 1971 ANCSA and 1980 ANILCA land selection's process..... now, (1997) complete.

After 14 historic attempts at statehood since 1916 rejected on the basis of no resource base sufficent enough to meet Alaska's large rural and urban logistical and geographical needs ("still-present") it was the agreement, covenant, compact and intent of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% within the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-805 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) to provide for the recognized needs our new State would have after the (UAF) Territorial Constitutional Convention 11/8/55 - 2/6/56. to provide the new State Of Alaska a solid economic foundation through Statehood on 1/3/59. This Section 28.(A)(1) 90% was agreed to by Territorial electorate, 85th U.S. Congress, and by 34th U.S. President, Dwight D. Eisenhower upon Statehood January 3rd, 1959.

PROV'IDENCE, *n.* [Fr. from L. *providentia.*]

1. The act of providing or preparing for future use or application.

Providence for war is the best prevention of it. [*Now little used.*] *Bacon.*

5.) 2. Foresight; timely care; particularly, active foresight, or foresight accompanied with the procurement of what is necessary for future use, or with suitable preparation. How many of the troubles and perplexities of life proceed from want of *providence!*

3. In *theology*, the care and superintendence which God exercises over his creatures. He that acknowledges a creation and denies a *providence*, involves himself in a palpable contradiction; for the same power which caused a thing to exist is necessary to continue its existence. Some persons admit a *general providence*, but deny a *particular providence*, not considering that a *general providence* consists of *particulars.* A belief in divine *providence*, is a source of great consolation to good men. By *divine providence* is often understood God himself.

4. Prudence in the management of one's concerns or in private economy.

TRE'ATY, *n.* [Fr. *traité;* It. *trattato.*] Negotiation; act of treating for the adjustment of differences, or for forming an agreement; as, a *treaty* is on the carpet.

He cast by *treaty* and by traine
Her to persuade. *Spenser.*

7.) 2. An agreement, league or contract between two or more nations or sovereigns, formally signed by commissioners properly authorized, and solemnly ratified by the several sovereigns or the supreme power of each state. Treaties are of various kinds, as *treaties* for regulating commercial intercourse, *treaties* of alliance, offensive and defensive, *treaties* for hiring troops, *treaties* of peace, &c.

3. Intreaty. [*Not in use.*] *Shak.*

TRE'ATY-MAKING, *a.* The treaty-making power is lodged in the executive government. In monarchies, it is vested in the king or emperor; in the United States of America, it is vested in the president, by and with the consent of the senate.

SOUVENIR, *n.* [Fr.] A remembrancer.

SÖVEREIGN, *a. suv'eran.* [We retain this barbarous orthography from the Norman *souvereign.* The true spelling would be *suveran*, from the L. *supernus, superus;* Fr. *souverain;* It. *sovrano;* Sp. Port. *soberano.*]

1. Supreme in power; possessing supreme dominion; as a *sovereign* prince. God is the *sovereign* ruler of the universe.

2. Supreme; superior to all others; chief. God is the *sovereign* good of all who love and obey him.

3. Supremely efficacious; superior to all others; predominant; effectual; as a *sovereign* remedy.

6.) 4. Supreme; pertaining to the first magistrate of a nation; as *sovereign* authority.

SÖVEREIGN, *n. suv'eran.* A supreme lord or ruler; one who possesses the highest authority without control. Some earthly princes, kings and emperors are *sovereigns* in their dominions.

2. A supreme magistrate; a king.

3. A gold coin of England, value 20s. or $4.44.

SÖVEREIGNIZE. *v. i. suv'eranize.* To exercise supreme authority. [*Not in use.*] *Herbert.*

SÖVEREIGNLY, *adv. suv'eranly.* Supremely; in the highest degree.

He was *sovereignly* lovely in himself. [*Little used.*] *Boyle.*

SÖVEREIGNTY, *n. suv'eranty.* Supreme power; supremacy; the possession of the highest power, or of uncontrollable power. Absolute *sovereignty* belongs to God only.

VI'OLATE, *v. t.* [Fr. *violer;* L. *violo;* It. *violare;* Sp. *violar.*]

1. To injure; to hurt; to interrupt; to disturb; as, to *violate* sleep. *Milton.*

Kindness for man, and pity for his fate,
May mix with bliss and yet not *violate.*
Dryden.

2. To break; to infringe; to transgress; as, to *violate* the laws of the state, or the rules of good breeding; to *violate* the divine commands; to *violate* one's vows or promises. Promises and commands may be *violated* negatively, by non-observance.

3. To injure; to do violence to.

Forbid to *violate* the sacred fruit. *Milton.*

4. To treat with irreverence; to profane; as, to *violate* the sanctity of a holy place.

5. To ravish; to compress by force.

VI'OLATED, *pp.* Injured; broken; transgressed; ravished.

VI'OLATING, *ppr.* Injuring; infringing; ravishing.

VIOLA'TION, *n.* [Fr.] The act of violating or injuring; interruption, as of sleep or peace.

8.) 2. Infringement; transgression; non-observance; as the *violation* of law or positive command; a *violation* of covenants, engagements and promises; a *violation* of vows.

3. Act of irreverence; profanation or contemptuous treatment of sacred things; as the *violation* of a church.

4. Ravishment; rape.

VI'OLATOR, *n.* One who violates, injures, interrupts or disturbs; as a *violator* of repose.

2. One who infringes or transgresses; as a *violator* of law.

3. One who profanes or treats with irreverence; as a *violator* of sacred things.

4. A ravisher.

VI'OLENCE, *n.* [L. *violentia.*] Physical force; strength of action or motion; as the *violence* of a storm; the *violence* of a blow or of a conflict.

WARN, *v. t. waurn.* [Sax. *warnian;* Sw. *varna;* G. *warnen;* formed on the root of *ware, wary,* Sax. *warian.* This is our *garnish,* as used in law, Norm. *garnisher;* also *garner,* for *guarner,* to warn, to admonish or give notice.]

1. To give notice of approaching or probable danger or evil, that it may be avoided; to caution against any thing that may prove injurious.

Juturna *warns* the Daunian chief
Of Lausus' danger— *Dryden.*

Being *warned* of God in a dream, that they should not return to Herod, they departed into their own country another way. Matt. ii.

2. To caution against evil practices. 1 Thess. v.

3. To admonish of any duty.

Cornelius—was *warned* from God by an holy angel to send for thee. Acts x.

4. To inform previously; to give notice to. *Shak.*

—*Warn'd* of th' ensuing fight. *Dryden.*

5. To notify by authority; to summon; as, to *warn* the citizens to meet on a certain day; to *warn* soldiers to appear on parade.

6. To ward off. [*Not in use.*] *Spenser.*

9.) WARN'ED, *pp.* Cautioned against danger; admonished of approaching evil; notified.

WARN'ER, *n.* An admonisher.

WARN'ING, *ppr.* Cautioning against danger; admonishing; giving notice to; summoning to meet or appear.

WARN'ING, *n.* Caution against danger, or against faults or evil practices which incur danger.

Could *warning* make the world more just or wise. *Dryden.*

Hear the word at my mouth, and give them *warning* from me. Ezek. iii.

2. Previous notice; as a short *warning.* He had a month's *warning.* *Dryden.*

WAR'-OFFICE, *n.* An office in which the military affairs of a country are superintended and managed. *U. States.*

14 of 21 pages

-found within Noah Webster's American Dictionary Of The English Language (1828) along with the definitions to... following words of pertinance: 1.) Agreement, 2.) Aggression, 3.) Compact, 4.) Covenant, 5.) Providence, 6.) Sovereign 7.) Treaty, 8.) Violation, 9.) Warning.... and 10.) Notification.

1867 A.D.

TREATY OF CESSION

ARTICLE III

The inhabitants of the ceded territory, according to their choice, reserving their natural allegiance, may return to Russia within three years; but if they should prefer to remain in the ceded territory, they, with the exception of uncivilized native tribes, shall be admitted to the enjoyment of all the rights, advantages, and immunities of citizens of the United States, and shall be maintained and protected in the free enjoyment of their liberty, property, and religion. The uncivilized tribes will be subject to such laws and regulations as the United States may, from time to time, adopt in regard to aboriginal tribes of that country.

In November, 1995 Article III of the 1867 Treaty Of Cession was "activated" 128 years after agreed to, and 24 years after ANCSA (1971) within the City Of Barrow, Alaska. Foundationally established by 8/1/58 local election & incorporatoion on 8/28/58. This declared all "NATIVE(s)" CIVILIZED as Alaskan-U.S. citizens, thus property owners of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% intrest.

1.) **AGREE'MENT**, *n.* Concord; harmony; conformity.
What *agreement* hath the temple of God with idols? 2 Cor. vi.
2. Union of opinions or sentiments; as, a good *agreement* subsists among the members of the council.
3. Resemblance; conformity; similitude.
Expansion and duration have this farther *agreement*. *Locke.*
4. Union of minds in regard to a transfer of interest; bargain; compact; contract; stipulation.
Make an *agreement* with me by a present. 2 Kings xviii.
He made an *agreement* for the purchase of a house.

AGRES'TIC, AGRES'TICAL, *a.* [L. *agrestis*; Fr. *agreste*; from L. *ager*, a field, or the same root.]
Rural; rustic; pertaining to fields or the country, in opposition to the city; unpolished. *Gregory.*

3.) **AGGRESS'**, *v. i.* [L. *aggredior, aggressus*, of *ad* and *gradior*, to go. See *Grade.*]
To make a first attack; to commit the first act of hostility or offense; to begin a quarrel or controversy; to assault first or invade. *Prior.*
AGGRESS'ING, *ppr.* Commencing hostility first; making the first attack.
2.) **AGGRESS'ION**, *n.* The first attack, or act of hostility; the first act of injury, or first act leading to war or controversy. *L'Estrange.*
AGGRESS'IVE, *a.* Tending to aggress; making the first attack. *Clarkson.*
AGGRESS'OR, *n.* The person who first attacks; he who first commences hostility or a quarrel; an assaulter; an invader. *Dryden.*
The insolence of the *aggressor* is usually proportioned to the tameness of the sufferer. *Ames.*

COM'PACT, *n.* [L. *compactum.*] An agreement; a contract between parties; a word that may be applied, in a general sense, to any covenant or contract between individuals; but it is more generally applied to agreements between nations and states, as treaties and confederacies. So the constitution of the United States is a political contract between the States; a national *compact.* Or the word is applied to the agreement of the individuals of a community.
The law of nations depends on mutual *compacts*, treaties, leagues, &c. *Blackstone.*
In the beginnings of speech there was an implicit *compact*, founded on common consent. *South.*

4.) **COV'ENANT**, *n.* [Fr. *convenant*, the participle of *convenir*, to agree, L. *convenio, con* and *venio*, to come; Norm. *convence*, a covenant; It. *convenzione*, from L. *conventio.* Literally, a coming together; a meeting or agreement of minds.]
1. A mutual consent or agreement of two or more persons, to do or to forbear some act or thing; a contract; stipulation. A covenant is created by deed in writing, sealed and executed; or it may be implied in the contract. *Encyc. Blackstone.*
2. A writing containing the terms of agreement or contract between parties; or the clause of agreement in a deed containing the covenant.
3. In *theology*, the *covenant of works*, is that implied in the commands, prohibitions, and promises of God; the promise of God to man, that man's perfect obedience should entitle him to happiness. *This do, and live; that do, and die.*
The *covenant of redemption*, is the mutual agreement between the Father and Son, respecting the redemption of sinners by Christ.
The *covenant of grace*, is that by which God engages to bestow salvation on man, upon the condition that man shall believe in Christ and yield obedience to the terms of the gospel. *Cruden. Encyc.*
4. In *church affairs*, a solemn agreement between the members of a church, that they will walk together according to the precepts of the gospel, in brotherly affection.
COV'ENANT, *v. i.* To enter into a formal agreement; to stipulate; to bind one's self by contract. A *covenants with* B to convey to him a certain estate. When the terms are expressed, it has *for* before the thing or price.
They *covenanted with* him *for* thirty pieces of silver. Matth. xxvi.
COV'ENANT, *v. t.* To grant or promise by covenant.
COV'ENANTED, *pp.* Pledged or promised by covenant.
COVENANTEE', *n.* The person to whom a covenant is made. *Blackstone.*
COV'ENANTING, *ppr.* Making a covenant; stipulating.
COV'ENANTER, *n.* He who makes a covenant. *Blackstone.*
CO'VENOUS, CO'VINOUS, *a.* [See *Covin.*] Collusive; fraudulent; deceitful; as a *covenous* lease of lands. *Bacon.*

At my own cost, expense, humiliation and risk of harm, I attempted to further inform the people of Barrow and the North Slope Borough of their lawful intrests *concerning the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58* (72 Stat. 339) provisions according the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% to prevent constructively designed acquiescence of (Providential) our economic revenue resource base on two seperate occassions but was obstructed: 3/2/95 and 4/5/95!

On 4/5/95 I approached Barrow Cable T.V. and placed an advertisement, 4-pages at 300.oo to inform community members specifically citing the Alaska Statehood Act and Alaska Statehood Compact's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provisions. I challenged district #37 State Sen. Al Adams and State Rep. Eileen Maclain to open debate.... Barrow Cable T.V. is a corporate subsidiary of the "ANCSA" created "ASRC" Arctic Slope Regional Corporation. State Sen. Maclain, was a ASRC Boardmember, she called all the way from Juneau, Alaska to restrictively have my advertisement taken-off the Barrow Cable T.V. to deliberately keep the City of Barrow and the North Slope Borough communities from knowing about or participating in the preservation of Section 28.(A)(1) 90%! This blocked public notification as it was designed to by phone-call from Juneau during the State Legislative Session by Rep. Maclain to Barrow Cable T.V. manager, Glenn Edwardsen denying any due-process, notification, expression, debate, disscussion concerning the ownership or diposition of our (U.S.) (Providential) Alaskan economic revenue resource base provisions, Section 28.(A)(1) 90%. I submit this to be subversive activities to defraud the 49th State of Alaska, it's people and our 49 sister-states.

In my ongoing dutiful, civic-minded obligations to the State and nation of my birth concerning Section 28.(A)(1) 90% I did approach the local K.B.R.W. 680 AM broadcasting (Public-Radio) station by politely requesting air time in person, over the phone and by written communication to inform our local community but was rejected again, as censorship was deployed against me and I was denied from any airwave disscussion or comments to inform the people of our common intrest Section 28.(A)(1) 90% to help in the augmentation of it's loss through forfeiture by acquiescence by concertively deployed efforts as the rejection letter dated: 7/5/95 shows. "Rejection" was on the grounds of not being a radio listener, and for not being a community leader which both ascertions are incorrect, therefore, on the basis of this gross and overwhelming evidence, I submit this as well as constructive and subversive activity to defraud the State of Alaska of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% provisions by organized censorship to block the notification of the public, and in so doing with this particular issue as it concerns K.B.R.W. a gross violation of the FCC rules and regulations. I've been consistently discriminated against for having an intrest within the State of my birth, Alaska, and for attempting to share this intrest I own with other fellow native born Alaskan Americans which own *it also... as a public-incorporated member, by birth in the* State of Alaska. The people which phyiscially attacked at Iplook Elementry on 2/24/95 and those that rejected me at the K.B.R.W. radio station were not native born Alaskan Americans. I've been discriminated against for simply "being", which is against the peace and dignity of the State of my birth, Alaska , no fault of my own, to circumvent public communications concerning Sections 28.(A)(1)90% intrests before other (1867-1995-1997) native born Alaskan-Americans designed to cause forfeiture of (90%) provisions without any due-process.

So, in November of 1995, 128 years after the Treaty Of Cession and 24 years after the 1971 ANCSA (retroactive-Act) was signed, acticle III of the 1867 Treaty *Of Cession was formally* <u>*activated*</u> *which declares all aboriginal (NATIVE(s)) born native* Alaskan-Americans (1867-1995) as "<u>CIVILIZED</u>" according to this acticle's provision which WAS/IS to be maintained and protected as a conditional term of purchase, a covenant, compact, provision and Treaty. Article III of the 1867 Treaty Of Cession has also been recognized as the U.S. citizenship clause, wherein 130 years ago Alaska's first NATIVE people were considered "uncivilived" they are considered "CIVILIZED" today and thus "<u>OWN</u>" Section 28.(A)(1) 90% according to Alaskan-U.S. citizenship, a term of agreement (Providence) conditional upon Alaska's in-grafting into a U.S. possession 130 years ago in 1867. Theft of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% according to the well defined Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) 90% royalty provisions, is a <u>violation</u> of the Treaty Of Cession and is a very serious national matter of concern. Herein, you are notified of the act of violation which was committed on 5/31/96 by federal judge Bruggink in a postfacto (sociological) manner denying the people of Alaska of their Alaskan U.S. citizenship rights. "<u>WARNING</u>" is issued according to the definitions-

Any and all international bioshpere or international/universal wilderness designations concerning Alaska's federal lands does not superceed Alaska's sovereign rights to access it's owned intrest for it's body politic to resource minerals. Any international designation is moot and void, before the greater sovereign intrests of the State of Alaska on behalf of it's people and indirect intrests of Alaska's 49 sister-states according to the Treaty of Cession 1867 and the Alaska Statehood Act's P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provisions as found within Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource based royalty entitlements for the good of the State, it's people and nation.

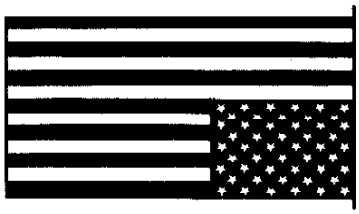
Actions committed against the intrest's of the State Of Alaska and it's sovereign intrests as found within the Alaska Statehood Act and Alaska Statehood Act provisions based upon an ideological influence which abandons it's duty to uphold the Alaska and U.S. Constitutions while in service as government employees is a threat to our liberties, freedom, sovereignty and control over our resource base. Be they actions under domestic or forgein engineering proctured to implementation by ideological operatives they are subversive and a threat to national security as I assert, when they attempt to superceed the sovereign and greater intrests Alaska holds over all it's federal lands according to Section 28.(A)(1) 90% of the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Subversion of the Alaska Statehood Act, Compact (Covenant) provisions or State Constitution which infrindges upon Alaska's right to use and access it's constitutionally based (Providential) provisions to usurp access and mineral rights is an act of treason against the State Of Alaska and indirectly it's 49 sister-states, as I assert is taking place at present in a subversive manner to undermine constitutional due-process rights to seize our national resource base covertly and overtly.

U.S. Secretary Of The Interior, Babbitt, I've met the arbitrary 60-day statute of limitations set to cause a loss of intrest, set to cause a forfeiture of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% by acquiescence through non-notification, deception, no due-process, disscussion or debate..... (Aforementioned article dated 1/25/97). When corresponding with Alaska's Senator Frank H. Murkowski concerning the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) provisional Section 28.(A)(1) 90% I was specifically written the following: "<u>.... something is better than 90% of nothing</u>." That Sen. Murkowski has concluded Section 28.(A)(1) 90% as "nothing" is ill-logic, logic and non-reasoning reason. It is not representative of the Alaska Statehood Act, our Compact (Covenant), our State Constitution or seeking the most basic forms of constitutional due-process which is not being afforded or defended by those same public servants augmenting by ommission to duty, the loss of our State and nation's (Providential) economic revenue resource base provisional I assert this to be subversive against our State and nation's intrests. When refferencing Alaska's 49 sister-states, Sen. Murkowski states of his fellow public federal servants the following: "<u>...Congressmen from the other 49 states know and care little about</u> our State." Secretary, Babbitt, while they may "<u>know</u>" little about Alaska do to the fact of our geographical location, media propaganda and preoccupation, this does not mean they "<u>care</u>" little about our State. Even if it did, it does release Sen. Murkowski you and these congressmen from your duties to protect and defend the U.S. Constitution and the constitutions from each respective State. Issues framed in the media will have little substance over these official notifications, and claims I've filed with your office, I adjure you to please not dissmiss them but examine the historical evidence, the facts in the light of the truth according to Alaska's unique history and constitutional provisions which are NOT ACQUIESCENCED. The comments, claims and notifications herein should cause you to examine your oath, responsibilities and accountability for the undermining advertisement placed within the 1/25/97 issue of the Fairbanks Daily News Miner and what it's subversive intent was!

I admonish (et. al.) you Secretary, Babbitt to cease and desist from usurpation of the Alaska Statehood Act's Constitutional P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) Alaska Statehoood Compact (Covenant) provisions of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% belonging to the people of the State Of Alaska in and through their public incorporated State legislature, Attempts at (theft) usurping Section 28.(A)(1) 90% through judicial avenues and now by (1/25/97) PUBLIC-NOTICE article is as reprehensible as denying access to owned said asset-intrest property: Section 28.(A)(1). I assert recognition of this activity as a subversive agression against the State Of Alaska and indirectly against Alaska's 49 sister-states to defraud us (U.S.) lawful intrest

Subversive-activities aformentioned herein are in violation of Alaska-U.S. citizenship provisions to Alaska-U.S. Constitutions, the 1867 Treaty Of Cession's article III activated November of 1995, the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) and the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) provision's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource base intrests off all federal lands in Alaska. The subversion, treason, non-notification, phyisical assaults, censorship, manipulation, fraud and violation against our constitution, compacts, covenants and agreements can best be communicatively displayed in notification of these events by presenting you with this national distress (sign) ensign, our national flag presented "DOWN" accordingly in compliance with our U.S. Public Law 94-344 Section (4) 7/7/76 signed by 38th U.S. President, Gerald R. Ford, giving you, your Department the Federal Register (et. al.) notification of subversive-activities which are threatening to the security of the sovereignty of the State of Alaska and that of our 49 sister-states. The "DOWN" display in this use is sanctioned to express a clear signal to you (et. al.) of dire distress in the subversive-activies perpetrated and aforementioned which are leading our nation into grave extreme danger, which jepordizes both American life and property..... Please, I adjure you (et. al.) not to dissmiss advance admonishment and warning I'm obligated to contact you with, over a great controversy you began and may now yet avoid by corrective action as time is of the essence.

With the USA Union "DOWN" as a signal of dire distress in current activities which are causing extreme danger life and property. U.S. P.L. 94-344 Section (4) 7/7/76.



NO'TICE, *n.* [Fr. from L. *notitia*, from *noto* or *notus*.]
Observation by the mind or intellectual power; as, to take *notice* of a distinction between truth and veracity.
Information; intelligence by whatever means communicated; knowledge given or received; as, I received *notice* by a messenger or by letter. He gave *notice* of his arrival. The bell gives *notice* of the hour of the day. The merchant gives *notice* that a bill of exchange is not accepted.
A paper that communicates information.
Attention; respectful treatment; civility.

NO'TICING, *ppr.* Observing; seeing; regarding; remarking on; treating with attention.

10.) NOTIFICA'TION, *n.* [See *Notify*.] The act of notifying or giving notice; the act of making known, particularly the act of giving official notice or information to the public, or to individuals, corporations, companies or societies, by words, by writing or by other means.
2. Notice given in words or writing, or by signs.
3. The writing which communicates information; an advertisement, citation, &c.

NO'TIFIED, *pp.* Made known; *applied to things.* This design of the king was *notified* to the court of Berlin.
2. Informed by words, writing or other means; *applied to persons.* The inhabitants of the city have been *notified* that a meeting is to be held at the State House.

NO'TIFY, *v. t.* [Fr. *notifier*; It. *notificare*; L. *notus*, known, and *facio*, to make.]
1. To make known; to declare; to publish. The laws of God *notify* to man his will and our duty.
2. To make known by private communication; to give information of. The allied sovereigns have *notified* the Spanish court of their purpose of maintaining legitimate government.
3. To give notice to; to inform by words or writing, in person or by message, or by any signs which are understood.

With or without dispute, Alaska's federal lands have a diffrent status of title-held, owned intrest as a matter of State, and national agreement which was a formally agreed to "contract" known as the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th Congress. H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) and it's particular Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (Providential) economic revenue resource base provisions. This contractual agreement was made between two sovereigns and it's matter of public record. "Claim Of Title", Section 28.(A)(1) 90% is herein asserted, "Notification Of Non-Acquiescence Of Ownership", Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base is herein asserted, "Notification Of Activation" Article III 1867 Treaty Of Cession (11/95) is herein served, "Notification Of Claim" Over all trails, roads and transportation routes upon Alaska's Federal lands c/o (State Of Alaska) 1866 U.S. Law #RS2477 is herein served, "Advance Notification And Warning:" an obligation, is herein considered served.

That, Alaska's federal lands have a diffrent status than those lands federally designated eleswhere, and so classified is something you are aware of Secretary, Babbitt, dispite popular belief, contemporary understanding with a liberal-slant, social engineering sociological-laws, opinions, revisionist history, textbooks, writers, disinformation, and propaganda of seemingly official positions taken by operatives within State and federal levels of public service... Please, cease and desist from any usurpation over Section 28.(A)(1) 90% (providential) economic revenue resource base intended for the State Of Alaska, it's people and indirectly our 49 sister-states, I adjure you, please to refrain from subversive-activities to defraud the State Of Alaska and this nation of it's 1867 (Providentially) in-grafted resource base. Please consider your wrong and the violation which transpired on 5/31/96 through your sociological-law judge Bruggink, a treasonous man against the State of Alaska it's intrests and those indirect intrests of our 49 sister-states within the United States.

Constitutional due-process in Alaska's rural and urban election districts are being undermined to create desired forfeiture of Section 28.(A)(1) 90% by non-notification of "acqueiscence". Organized censorship of public-intrests and public information over radio stations are being censorshipped to help augment "theft" against FCC rules and regulations. political attacks have been directed against the innocent causing fear of death, pre-emptions of peaceful assembly, freedom of speech and open discrimination have taken place based upon the mere state of "being" a native born Alaskan American to orcastrate censorship and theft by acquiescence as a direct result of not allowing the most basic in Alaskan-U.S. citizenship due-process to accomplish the fraud directed against the State Of Alaska to stripe it's sovereignty and seize it's (Providential) economic revenue resource base from benefitting those to whom (Providence) it was intended 1867-1997 native born Alaskans, particularly those born since the Alaska Statehood Act ("CONTRACT") resulted in Alaska's Statehood on 1/3/59, 38 years ago. ACQUIESCENCE IS NOT GRANTED, CLAIM OF TITLE IS ISSUED ALONG WITH ACCESS TO SECTION 28.(A)(1) 90% ECONOMIC REVENUE RESOURCE BASE OWNED BY THE STATE OF ALASKA c/o 49 SISTER STATES: P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) SECTION 28.(A)(1) TO PREVENT IT'S LOSS THROUGH POLITICAL SUBVERSION BY IDEOLOGICAL INFILTRATED OPERATIVES WITHIN THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, JUDICIAL BRANCHES OF GOVERNMENT INTENDING TO SUBJUGATE PEOPLE, STATES, INTRESTS AND PROPERTY FOR UNAMERICANIST IDEALS BASED UPON HUMANISM, GLOBALISM, INTERNATIONALISM "ALL" CONTRARY TO STATE AND NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY WHICH IS NOT ACQUIESCENCED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA, A UNIQUE STATE COMPOSED OF ABORIGINAL, IMPERIAL-RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN HISTORY COMBINED. YOUR "NOTIFIED".

Section 28.(A)(1) 90% a right and title granted and confirmed in the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339) providing the provisional needs to meet and maintain the logistical and geographical requirements of Statehood as a result of many efforts to reach Statehood began in 1916, resulting in the Territorial Constitutional Convention (UAF) 11/8/55 - 2/6/56, our 15th attempt which lead to Statehood on 1/3/59. The Territorial Constitutional Convention was held in (UAF) Fairbanks, Alaska which was established in 1903 wherein, thereafter Statehood 1/3/59 I became a citizen as a native born Alaska-American. I've been denied civil rights of expression, assembly, communication, due-process, notification, debate and disscussion all because operatives are at work to overthrow our Alaska-U.S. Constitutional provisions! and Republic form of governments to theft our (Providential) economic revenue resource base out of greed and subterfuge. This formal correspondence and all it contains in claims, notifications and admonishings is the least I can do for my State and nation.

This formal correspondence in the form of comments containing official notifications, claims and assertions all pertinate to Alaska's Section 28.(A)(1) 90% economic revenue resource base provisions off all federal lands in Alaska. Because of Section 28.(A)(1), often these federal lands are called "ALASKA's federal lands as a 90% controlling intrest, please don't misconsture this as it relates to Section 28.(A)(1) 90% according to the Alaska Statehood Compact (Covenant) established according to the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-508 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339). This is respectfully and urgently submitted under the unexpected time restaints as it related to your 1/25/97 article as published within the Fairbanks Daily News Miner as aforementioned and relating to this entire correspondence.

Enclosed: ATTACHMENTS (Photocopies)

3/17/97 Fairbanks Daily News Miner ("Native group challenges U.S. purchase of AK)
1/25/97 Fairbanks Daily News Miner ("Fed's plan...")
6/9/96 The Anchorage Times, Judge Bruggink ("Bad call")
7/12/96 letter from Alaska Lt. Gov. Fran Ulmer by Cheif Of Staff
7/16/96 letter from Pres. Of The Senate (AK) Drue Pearce
11/19/95 Anchorage Daily News , article reporting Fairbanks North Star Borough Resolution #95-078 passing on 11/16/95 (Evidence of..."...their efforts.'
12/4/95 Resolution ##95-14 from the City of North Pole, Alaska
6/20/95 Letter from Toksook Bay Traditional Council (Evidence of subversion)
11/1/95 Letter from STate House Representative, Jeannette James
7/5/95 Letter from KBRW confirming rejection of information (Censorship in-violation of all FCC presuppositions)
3/24/95 Letter from State House Rep. Jeannette James
3/10/95 Letter from State House Rep. Jeannette James
3/9/95 Letter from State House Rep. Terry Martin
Copy of Alaska Statehood Compact provision Section 28.(A)(1) 90% to the Alaska Statehood Act P.L. 85-805 85th U.S. Congress, H.R. 7999 7/7/58 (72 Stat. 339)
Copy of ORDER OF INCORPORATION U.S. Commissioner's Court For The Noatak Kobuk Recording DIstrict Second Judicial Division, Territory Of Alaska signed in Kotzebue, Alaska on 8/28/58 by Commissioner: Fred G. Francis. The City Of Barrow, Alaska's incorporation (public) under the name of Native which was later changed not affecting the jurisdiction's public incorporation status. Barrow Cable TV recipts of 3/2/95 for 150.oo and 4/5/95 for 300.oo which were put on for a day and taken-off after payment to deny transmission of public service message to augment theft through acquiescence of Section 28.(A)(1) 90%

All the aforementioned is enclosed and is attached for the public record declaring by evidence subversive activities, notifications, admonishments, claims and intrests. This is a 21 page document with attachments of support.

Most if not all underlinings and color-markings are mine which have been added.

Mr. Mark A. Ames

Mr. Mark A. Ames
c/o P.O. Box 71693
Fairbanks, Alaska 99707

(100% Native Born Alaskan-American)

C.C.

SIGNED AND SUBSCRIBED to before me this 24th day of March in the City Of Fairbanks, Alaska. Witness my hand and notarial seal.

Notary Public in and for the State Of Alaska.

My Commission Expires: 5-9-2000